

SHS + UHN

**ASP**

ANTIMICROBIAL  
STEWARDSHIP  
PROGRAM



# Q1 REPORT

FISCAL YEAR 2020 | 2021



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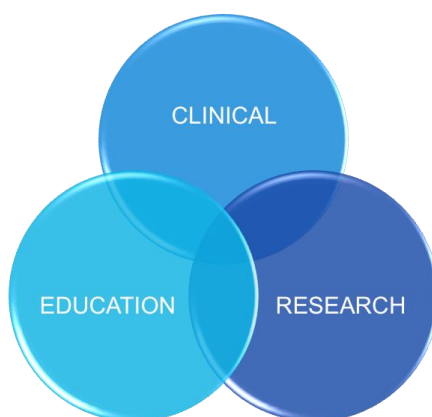
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*“Getting patients the right antibiotics, when they need them”*

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Sinai Health-University Health Network Antimicrobial Stewardship Program (SH-UHN ASP) was established in 2009. The SH-UHN ASP uses a collaborative and evidence-based approach to improve the quality of antimicrobial use by getting patients the right antibiotics when they need them. The ASP follows data-driven quality improvement methodology to pursue the best possible clinical outcomes for its patients.



The SH-UHN ASP blends research, education, and clinical care to take a leadership role in antimicrobial stewardship and improving the quality of health care.

### ANTIMICROBIAL CONSUMPTION AND COSTS

The ASP works with clinical teams across both Sinai Health (Bridgepoint Health and Mount Sinai Hospital (MSH)) and University Health Network (Princess Margaret Cancer Centre (PM), Toronto General Hospital (TG), Toronto Rehabilitation Institute (TRI), and Toronto Western Hospital (TW)).

Where possible, we show Defined Daily Doses (DDD) together with Days of Therapy (DOT). The metrics are extracted from the hospital pharmacy databases and the Provincial Critical Care Information System (CCIS). Although these two metrics are closely related, using lower or higher doses of antimicrobials will result in a corresponding change in DDD without any change in DOT (i.e. inpatients with renal dysfunction, extremes of body mass, or central nervous system infections). Table 1 summarizes antimicrobial usage and cost in the various units and services at SH and UHN.

The COVID-19 pandemic arrived in Toronto in January 2020 and began influencing hospital service delivery in February 2020 with reductions in clinical services, including elective and non-urgent surgeries. Accordingly, acute care hospitals (including SH and UHN) saw an expected reduction in clinical demand for antimicrobial therapy, which is reflected in the data presented. The SH-UHN ASP had to alter its operations to support clinical teams while optimizing physical distancing.

Additionally, members of the SH-UHN ASP played a variety of important roles in the pandemic effort, including supporting the development of mission-critical IT applications and surveillance systems, assessing for COVID-19 at UHN's assessment centres, helping develop mathematical models for personal protective equipment and drug supply and demand, and developing clinical COVID-19 therapeutic practice guidelines and other resources to support healthcare provision.



**Table 1: Summary of Antimicrobial Usage (DDDs) and Cost by Hospital/Unit**

Hospital/Unit	Antimicrobial Usage	Antimicrobial Cost
Mount Sinai Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU	↑	↑
Mount Sinai Hospital: Neonatal ICU	↑	↓
Toronto General Hospital: Cardiac ICU	↑	↑
Toronto General Hospital: Cardiovascular ICU	↑	↑
Toronto General Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU	↓	↑
Toronto Western Hospital: Medical Surgical Neurosurgical ICU	↑	↑
Mount Sinai Hospital: General Internal Medicine	↓	↓
Toronto General Hospital: General Internal Medicine	↓	↓
Toronto Western Hospital: General Internal Medicine	↓	↑
Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Leukemia Service	↓	↑
Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplant	↓	↑
Toronto General Hospital: Multi-Organ Transplant Program	↓	↑
Toronto Rehabilitation Institute: Bickle	↑	↑
Toronto Rehabilitation Institute: Lyndhurst	↓	↑
Toronto Rehabilitation Institute: University Centre	↓	↑



Decrease compared to previous YTD



Increase of < 10% compared to previous YTD



Increase of > 10% compared to previous YTD

## FISCAL YEAR 20/21 Q1 HIGHLIGHTS

### Research – Published In This Quarter

Multiple research projects continue, with many important projects nearing completion and being prepared for submission to key medical journals.

## Publications

The following articles were published or accepted for publication in peer-reviewed medical journals:

- Schwartz KL, Langford BJ, Daneman N al. Unnecessary antibiotic prescribing in a Canadian primary care setting: a descriptive analysis using routinely collected electronic medical record data. *CMAJ* Open 2020 May 7; 8(2): E360-E369.
- Kruger SZ, Bronskill SE, Jeffs L, Steinberg M, et al. Evaluating and Prioritizing Antimicrobial Stewardship Programs for Nursing Homes: A Modified Delphi Panel. *ICHE* 2020 Jun; [Epub].
- Lee E, Detsky M, Ma J, et al. Variation in antibiotic use across Intensive Care Units in Ontario, Canada. *ICHE* 2020 Jun; [Epub].
- Jorgensen SCJ, Dresser LD, Dalton B. *Counterpoint: Vancomycin AUC-based therapeutic drug monitoring should NOT become standard for patients with confirmed or suspected methicillin-resistant Staphylococcal aureus infections.* *CJHP* 2020; [Accepted].
- Hui-Chih Wu J, Langford B, Ha R, et al. Defining appropriate antibiotic prescribing in primary care: a modified Delphi panel approach. *JAMMI* 2020 Jun; 5(2):61-69.
- Jorgensen SCJ, Tse CLY, Burry L, Dresser LD. Baricitinib: review of pharmacology, safety and emerging clinical experience for COVID-19. *Pharmacotherapy* 2020 Jun 15; [Accepted].
- Jorgensen SCJ, Kebriaei R, Dresser LD. Remdesivir: A review of pharmacology, pre-clinical data and clinical experience for COVID-19. *Pharmacotherapy* 2020 Jun 28; [Epub].
- Dalton BR (Pro), Dresser L.D (Pro), Thirion DJG (Con), et al. Antiviral Therapy during the Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) Pandemic: Is It Appropriate to Treat Patients in the Absence of Significant Evidence?. *CJHP* 2020 Jun; 73(2).
- Jorgensen SCJ, Stewart JS, Dalton B. Vancomycin AUC-guided therapeutic drug monitoring to reduce nephrotoxicity: are we overlooking a simpler solution? *International Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy*. [Epub 2020 Aug. 31]
- Jorgensen SCJ, Burry L, Tse CY, Dresser LD. Baricitinib: impact on COVID-19 coagulopathy? *Clinical Infectious Diseases* [Epub 2020 Aug. 14]
- Wright WF, Jorgensen SCJ, Spellberg B. Heaping the Pelion of Vancomycin on the Ossa of MRSA: Back to Basics in Clinical Care and Guidelines. *Clinical Infectious Diseases* [Epub 2020 Sept. 9]
- Stewart JS, Jorgensen SCJ, Dresser LD, Lau TTY, Gin A, Thirion DJG, Nishi C, Dalton B. A Canadian perspective on the revised 2020 ASHP/IDSA/PIDS/SIDP guidelines for vancomycin AUC-based therapeutic drug monitoring for serious MRSA infections. *JAMMI* [Accepted 2020 Oct. 8]

- Jorgensen SCJ, Spellberg B, Shorr A, Wright WF. Counterpoint: Should vancomycin AUC-based therapeutic drug monitoring be standard for serious MRSA infections? *Clinical Infectious Diseases*. [Accepted 2020 Nov. 12]
- Jorgensen SCJ, Jackson S, Dalton BR. The Case for “Conservative Pharmacotherapy.” *Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy*. [Accepted 2020 Dec. 30]

There are currently an additional four manuscripts that are near ready for submission and one manuscript with revisions in process.

### Grants Awarded

- AHSC AFP Innovation Fund: Developing national antimicrobial prescribing guidelines. Principal Investigator: Andrew Morris. Co-investigators: Chaim Bell, Edith Blondel-Hill, Susan Fryters, Warren McIsaac, Patricia Sullivan-Taylor, Per Vandvik.
- HIV and Hepatitis C Community Action Fund (Public Health Agency of Canada): Developing Model(s) for a Pan-Canadian Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR) Network. Principal Investigator: Andrew Morris. Co-investigators: Gerry Wright, Herman Barkema, Scott Weese.

### Research Studies

The following grant-funded studies are progressing according to timelines:

- Designing an Effective Outpatient Antimicrobial Stewardship Program to Reduce Unnecessary Antibiotic Use in Primary Care using a Mixed-Methods Collaborative Model. AHSC AFP Innovation Fund. Principal Investigators: Warren McIsaac, Andrew Morris.
- The Development and Testing of a Scaling Strategy for a Community-Based Primary Care Antimicrobial Stewardship Program Utilizing an Innovative University of Toronto Primary Care Testing Platform: the UTOPIAN Practice Based Research Network. Principal Investigator: Warren McIsaac. Co-investigators: Andrew Morris, Noah Ivers, Yoshiko Nakamachi. Funded by AHSC AFP Innovation Fund.
- A Multi-centre Investigation of the Management and Outcomes of Community-onset Escherichia coli Bacteremia. Principal Investigator: Andrew Morris. Co-investigators: Michael Bonares, Sam Thrall, Das Pavani. Funded by PSI Resident Research Grant and SH DoM Resident Research Grant.

In addition to these funded projects, multiple unfunded research projects continue, led by various members of the SH-UHN ASP team. The following investigator-initiated study is progressing:

- A survey on antimicrobial stewardship content in undergraduate health professions and veterinarian curricula in Canadian and top-ranked universities worldwide. Principal Investigator: Miranda So. Co-investigators: Wayne Gold, Scott Weese, Linda Dresser, Marie Rocchi, Chaim Bell, Lianne Jeffs, Fok Han Leung, Andrew Morris.



## Best Practices

Several algorithms and best practice guidelines have been developed and implemented into practice across UHN and SH. The algorithms and best practices can be found [here](#) on our ASP website. The SH-UHN ASP continually updates these practice tools to reflect the latest evidence.

**Dr. Miranda So (ASP Pharmacist)** and **Dr. Shahid Husain (ASP Physician)** have completed and implemented the “[Empiric Guidelines for Common Infections in Solid Organ Transplant Patients](#)”. The guidelines have undergone consultative reviews with stakeholders, content experts, and key opinion leaders. Guidelines continue to be introduced to staff and trainees in the **Multi-Organ Transplant Program** through a series of sessions with each of the transplant organ teams. Under the auspices of antimicrobial stewardship, the guidelines provide best practice recommendations to prescribers, pharmacists, and nurses on diagnostic workup, empiric therapy, and appropriate referral to specialist consultation, including Transplant Infectious Diseases.

## JEDI and SABR

Throughout Wave 1 of the pandemic, a modified version of JEDI rounds was provided to our clinicians. Over its first nine years, the SH-UHN ASP employed an academic detailing model of three to five times a week. ICU staff who attended the multi-weekly ASP rounds were well-versed in appropriate antimicrobial prescribing, and there was a broad appetite for change.

To that end, the ASP moved to (1) **JEDI (Judicious Evaluation of antimicrobial Decision-making in the ICU) rounds**. This has been led by **Dr. Linda Dresser (ASP Pharmacist, recently retired)**, whereby the ASP team **audits appropriateness** of antimicrobial prescribing in the ICUs once a week. The audit results are then shared and discussed with the ICU team during a weekly meeting. The **appropriateness of antimicrobial prescribing** adjudication uses locally-developed, peer-reviewed, and published criteria for appropriateness. This initiative went live in the TG MSICU in October 2017, TG CVICU December 2017, TW MSNICU March 2018, and the MSH ICU June 2018. JEDI in the CCU at TG went live in Q2 and is the final ICU to go live with this implementation.

The second component of our new ICU initiative has been led by **Linda Jorgoni (ASP Nurse Leader)** and is known as (2) **SABR (Stewardship at Bedside Rounds)**. This is an **innovative** way of **actively engaging nurses** in antimicrobial stewardship activities. The aim is to embed into daily bedside rounds “Infection” as a separate entity during the head-to-toe assessment. The components of “infection” include temperature, white blood cell count, antimicrobials, indication for antimicrobial use, and other relevant information that pertains to infection. This intervention is designed to change nursing practice using different behaviour change strategies (e.g. audit and feedback). We are currently collecting data to evaluate the intervention and to identify barriers to nursing engagement in antimicrobial stewardship. These two new ICU ASP initiatives have been well received by the key stakeholders, who have been very informative in their feedback throughout the process, prior to implementation, allowing for continuous learning and improvement.

### Antimicrobial Stewardship in Leukemia Program

During the early months of Wave 1 of the pandemic, twice-monthly directed antimicrobial surveys were put on pause.

Drs. Husain and So have been conducting twice-monthly directed antimicrobial prescribing surveys using an online tool and *a priori* definitions developed by Australia’s [National Centre for Antimicrobial Stewardship](#) (NCAS) to assess adherence to the [High-Risk Febrile Neutropenia Guideline](#) and appropriateness of antimicrobial prescriptions. The online tool is called the [National Antimicrobial Prescribing Survey](#) (NAPS). Starting in May 2019, the format of the antimicrobial stewardship intervention was updated from the conventional, twice weekly audit-and-feedback meetings reviewing all admitted patients (which had been in place since 2010) to a new format with two parts: (1) presentation of the aggregate “dashboard” metrics from the NAPS survey and (2) focused, in-depth discussions on specific patients with unique antimicrobial needs and themes identified from the dashboard. With the new format, antimicrobial stewardship meetings now take place twice per month.

### Provincial, National, and International Role

In April 2019, the Ontario government announced it would expand the scope of practice for certain health professionals, including pharmacists. **The SH-UHN ASP is actively working with the OCP (Ontario College of Pharmacists)** in developing regulations that would authorize pharmacists to prescribe for minor ailments. Prescribing antimicrobials for certain types of infections is included in the expanded scope of practice.

The SH-UHN ASP continues to work closely with **HealthCareCAN**, the **National Collaborating Centre for Infectious Diseases (NCCID)**, and the **Public Health Agency of Canada (PHAC)** to inform our national health leaders on Antimicrobial Stewardship (AMS) and Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR).

The SH-UHN ASP continues to play a leading role in implementing an antimicrobial survey tool across Canada. This tool, **Canadian NAPS**, has been collecting information about antibiotic prescriptions, accompanying diagnoses, and the appropriateness of the prescriptions. **The SH-UHN ASP continues to lead this initiative for Year 2**, making it available to an even larger number of hospitals across Canada in each of the provinces, with a **target of 100 acute care hospitals**. This initiative is being supported by PHAC (Public Health Agency of Canada), NCAS (National Centre for Antimicrobial Stewardship), and The Guidance Group in Australia.

Dr. Andrew Morris co-chairs with Dr. Gerry Wright (McMaster University) a Public Health Agency of Canada-funded initiative to develop a National Antimicrobial Resistance Network. This work, slated to be completed in the Spring 2021, is a national network to facilitate implementing the Pan-Canadian Action Plan on Antimicrobial Resistance. More information can be found at [www.amrnetwork.ca](http://www.amrnetwork.ca).

The Leslie Dan Faculty of Pharmacy at the University of Toronto continues to be the only Pharmacy School in Canada to offer an elective course in Year 3 dedicated to Antimicrobial Stewardship, which is led by **Drs. Linda Dresser (now retired) and Mark McIntyre**, SH-UHN ASP Pharmacists.

**Drs. Shahid Husain and Miranda So** are Chair and Co-Chair, respectively, of the Antimicrobial Resistance-Antimicrobial Stewardship White Paper Working Group of the American Society of Transplantation (AST). They are working with Dr. Jonathan Hand (also Co-Chair) of the Ochsner Health Centre in New Orleans, LA, USA. The Working Group consists of AST members from transplant infectious diseases and various organ transplant sub-specialties. The objective of the Working Group is to develop best practice recommendations for implementing antimicrobial stewardship program interventions in the solid organ transplant population.

### New Collaboration with the Michener Institute

The Antimicrobial Stewardship Nursing Curriculum has been incorporated in the Critical Care Nursing Certificate. **Linda Jorgoni, RN, ASP Nurse Leader**, and **Dr. Linda Dresser**, in partnership with the Michener Institute, developed the first **Canadian nursing curriculum addressing antimicrobial stewardship** concepts combined with infectious diseases management for critical care nurses. The content includes online modules, clinical placement, and in-class teaching. It provides nurses with foundational knowledge related to AMS and management of patients with infectious diseases. The first cohort of newly-hired critical care nurses received this new course content in October 2018. Since then, multiple cohorts of students have taken this course.

Throughout Wave 1 of the pandemic, the course was delivered virtually so as not to interrupt the certification process of our critical care nurses.

## FISCAL YEAR 20/21 Q1 RESULTS

### CRITICAL CARE

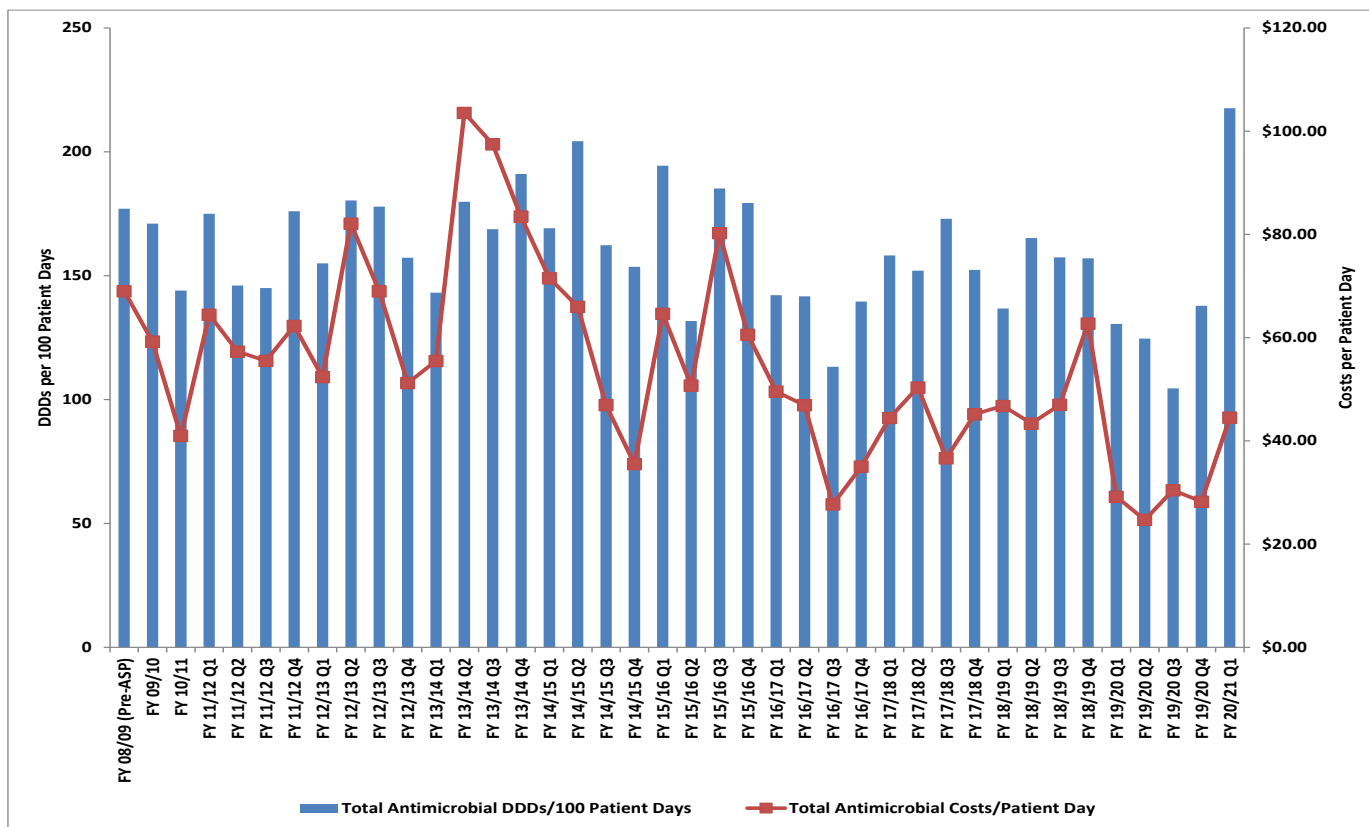
#### Mount Sinai Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU

The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Antimicrobial consumption (using defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days) increased (↑) by 66.7% compared to YTD last year.
- Antimicrobial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 52.6% compared to YTD last year:
  - Antibacterial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 32.6% compared to YTD last year.
  - Antifungal costs per patient day increased (↑) by 81.1% compared to YTD last year.

NB: Patients transferred from Princess Margaret accounted for 14% of patient visits and 40% of the antimicrobial costs.

### Mount Sinai Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs Per Patient Day



To view **Appendix 1: FY 20/21 Q1 Top 5 Antimicrobials by Usage (DDDs per 100 Patient Days) and Expenditures by ICU Site**, please click [here](#).

## Mount Sinai Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU Antimicrobial Consumption as Defined Daily Dose versus Antimicrobial Consumption as Days of Therapy

- Antibacterial Days of Therapy (DOT) per 100 patient days decreased (↓) by 53.5% compared to YTD last year.
- Antifungal Days of Therapy (DOT) per 100 patient days decreased (↓) by 23.9% compared to YTD last year.

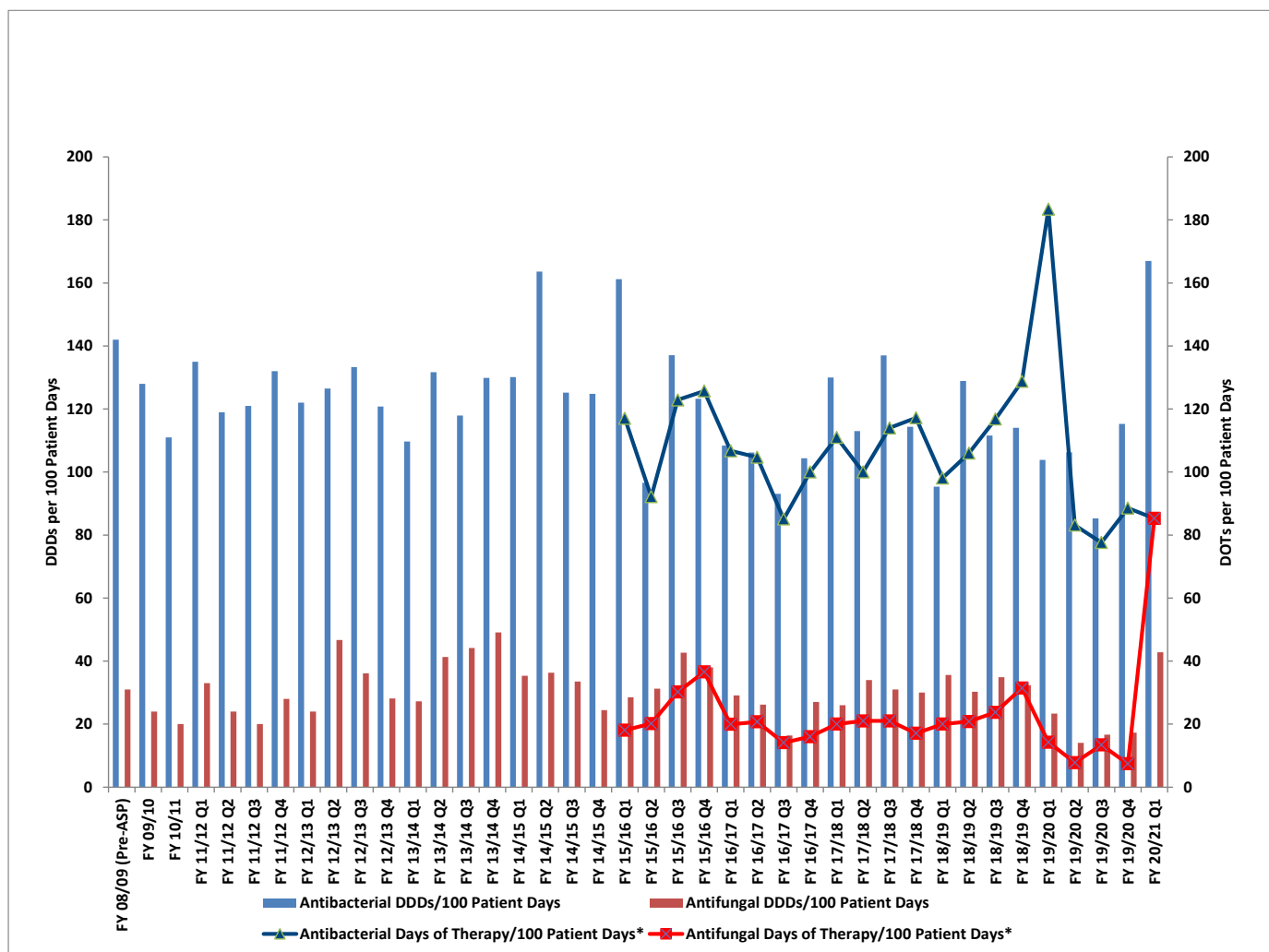




Table 2: Mount Sinai Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU

Indicators	FY 08/09 (Pre-ASP)	FY 09/10	FY 10/11	FY 11/12	FY 12/13	FY 13/14	FY 14/15	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	FY 20/21 Performance					YTD of Previous Year
													Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs																		
Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days	177	171	144	167	170	172	164	156	135	159	154	124	218				218	131
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	142	128	111	128	127	123	136	116	103	123	113	102	167				167	104
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	31	24	20	33	35	41	25	32	25	30	33	18	43				43	23
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$332,724	\$285,975	\$193,129	\$279,859	\$291,470	\$424,044	\$232,814	\$274,258	\$187,684	\$206,738	\$258,822	\$134,940	\$49,218				\$49,218	\$31,140
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$69.01	\$59.23	\$40.95	\$59.22	\$62.37	\$85.36	\$62.54	\$61.45	\$39.96	\$44.35	\$50.10	\$28.12	\$44.50				\$44.50	\$29.16
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$174,339	\$142,134	\$95,773	\$125,339	\$134,811	\$108,886	\$92,928	\$68,246	\$57,257	\$80,561	\$85,783	\$63,733	\$24,780				\$24,780	\$18,051
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$36.16	\$29.44	\$20.31	\$26.94	\$28.85	\$21.92	\$20.71	\$15.29	\$12.19	\$17.28	\$16.61	\$13.28	\$22.41				\$22.41	\$16.90
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$143,100	\$132,519	\$88,998	\$141,877	\$144,811	\$296,573	\$134,504	\$189,661	\$119,234	\$112,610	\$163,194	\$67,973	\$23,037				\$23,037	\$12,284
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$29.68	\$27.45	\$18.87	\$30.50	\$30.99	\$59.70	\$40.53	\$42.50	\$25.39	\$24.16	\$31.59	\$14.16	\$20.83				\$20.83	\$11.50
Antibacterial Days of Therapy/100 Patient Days*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	111	109	115	99	110	113	84	85				85	183
Antifungal Days of Therapy/100 Patient Days*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	17	21	27	18	20	24	10	11				11	14
Patient Care Outcomes																		
Hospital-Acquired C. difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 pt days)	NA	NA	NA	5 (1.07)	8 (1.71)	4 (0.91)	7 (1.59)	5 (1.12)	2 (0.43)	4 (0.86)	1 (0.19)	1 (0.21)	3 (2.71)				3 (2.71)	0 (0)
ICU Average Length of Stay (Days)	5.84	5.57	5.67	5.51	5.24	6.10	5.26	4.45	4.20	4.54	5.12	5.62	8.90				8.90	8.31
ICU Mortality Rate (as a %)	20.1	17.6	16.3	16.5	17.0	15.3	13.9	14.2	12.5	14.7	14.8	16.50	12.1				12.12	14.8
ICU Readmission Rate Within 48 Hrs (as a %)	3.2	2.9	2.7	2.7	1.9	3.2	2.6	2.1	2.5	2.6	2.4	1.80	2.3				2.33	1.3
ICU Ventilator Days	NA	3286	2934	2677	2749	3069	2597	2504	2231	2845	2884	2971	682				682	573
ICU Multiple Organ Dysfunction Score (MODS)	4.00	4.04	4.12	4.25	4.62	4.87	4.73	4.43	3.92	3.86	4.08	4.33	4.55				4.55	4.24

Total Antimicrobial DDDs is the sum of systemic antibacterial DDDs + systemic antifungal DDDs + systemic antivirals; non-systemic antimicrobials are excluded.  
Data Sources: Antimicrobial DDD and Costs (PharmNet), C difficile (Infection Control Dashboards), Other ICU Patient Care Indicators (Critical Care Information System).

Historical antimicrobial usage and cost data updated due to the discovery that selected added drug dosages (Fluconazole 400mg/200ml bag, Pip-Tazo 13.5gm vial, Daptomycin 500mg vial) were not included in the report. Data have been revised to include Fluconazole starting August 2013, Pip-Tazo January 2015, and Daptomycin, November 2015.

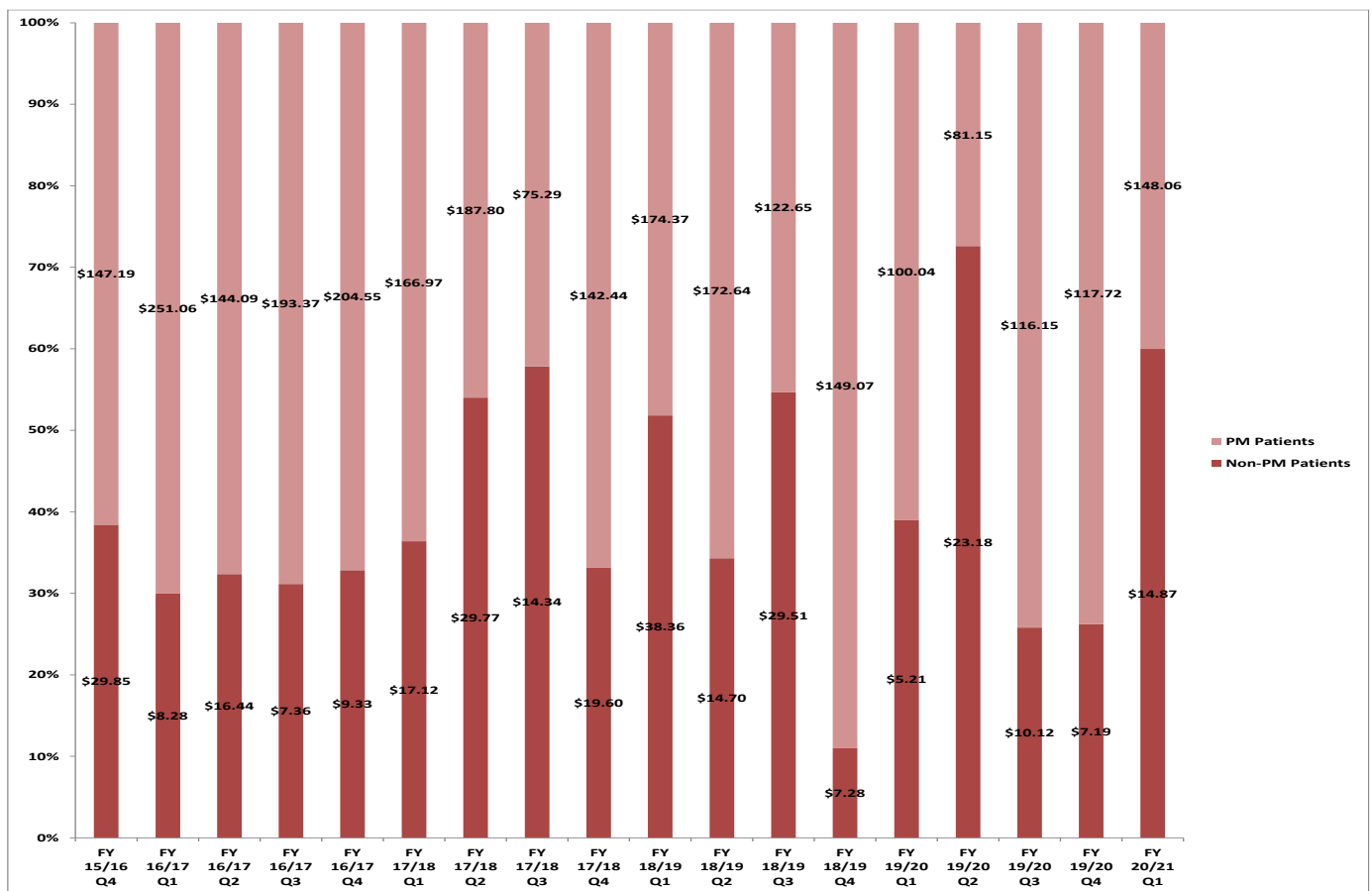
There was a calculation error for the ICU Readmission Rate for FY 16/17 Q3. That figure has now been corrected.

**Table 3: Mount Sinai Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU Total Antimicrobial Costs (Princess Margaret Cancer Centre (PM) and Non-PM Patients)**

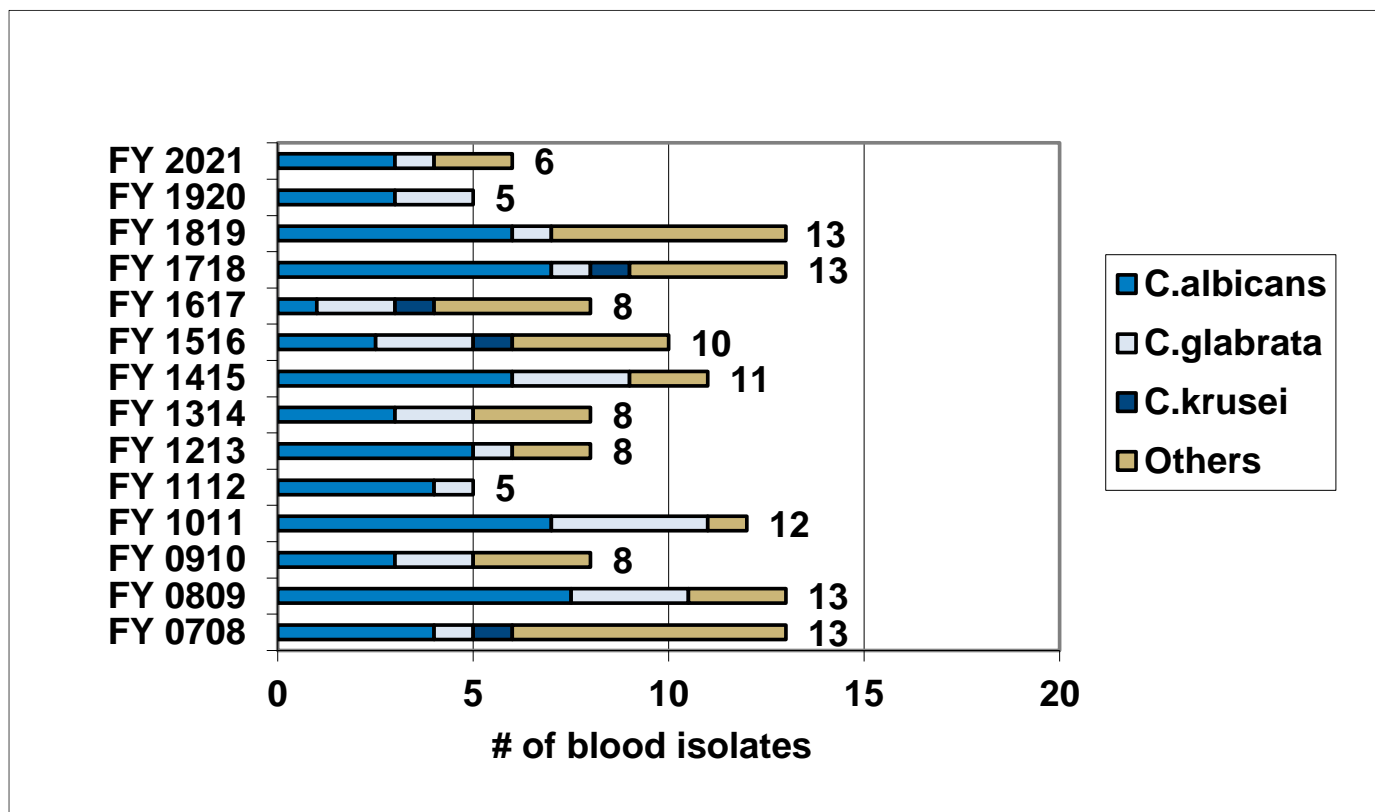
MSH ICU Total Antimicrobial Costs																
Antimicrobial Cost per Patient Day																
	FY 10/11	FY 11/12	FY 12/13	FY 13/14	FY 14/15	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	FY 20/21 Q1	FY 20/21 Q2	FY 20/21 Q3	FY 20/21 Q4	FY 20/21 YTD	Previous YTD
Non-PM Patients	\$78,737.00	\$87,931.12	\$109,282.63	\$150,869.65	\$118,306.39	\$78,180.71	\$59,166.51	\$93,341.59	\$91,857.61	\$53,343.80	\$29,526.05				\$29,526.05	\$30,872.10
	\$21.14	\$25.42	\$31.77	\$37.79	\$31.80	\$23.12	\$9.78	\$18.48	\$17.50	\$9.51	\$14.87				\$14.87	\$22.52
PM Patients	\$114,392.00	\$191,928.21	\$182,187.68	\$273,174.21	\$122,698.89	\$209,984.51	\$128,517.32	\$113,396.53	\$166,964.00	\$81,595.88	\$19,691.92				\$19,691.92	\$28,700.72
	\$179.02	\$181.58	\$249.91	\$317.64	\$170.89	\$231.26	\$191.53	\$155.98	\$142.46	\$118.60	\$148.06				\$148.06	\$153.48
Total ICUs	\$193,129.00	\$279,859.33	\$291,470.31	\$424,043.86	\$241,005.28	\$288,165.22	\$187,683.83	\$206,738.12	\$258,821.61	\$134,939.68	\$49,217.97				\$49,217.97	\$59,572.82
	\$44.26	\$61.97	\$69.91	\$87.40	\$54.30	\$67.17	\$27.93	\$35.78	\$40.31	\$21.43	\$23.24				\$23.24	\$38.24

Note: 15/16 is open year data; totals and cost per day may change based on coding changes. Antimicrobial costs from PharmNet; ICU visits and patient days from CIHI DAD Database.

**Mount Sinai Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU  
Proportional Antimicrobial Costs for Princess Margaret Cancer Centre and  
Non-Princess Margaret Cancer Centre Patients  
(with costs/patient day indicated)**



**Table 4: Yeast Species Isolated in Blood – Mount Sinai Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU**



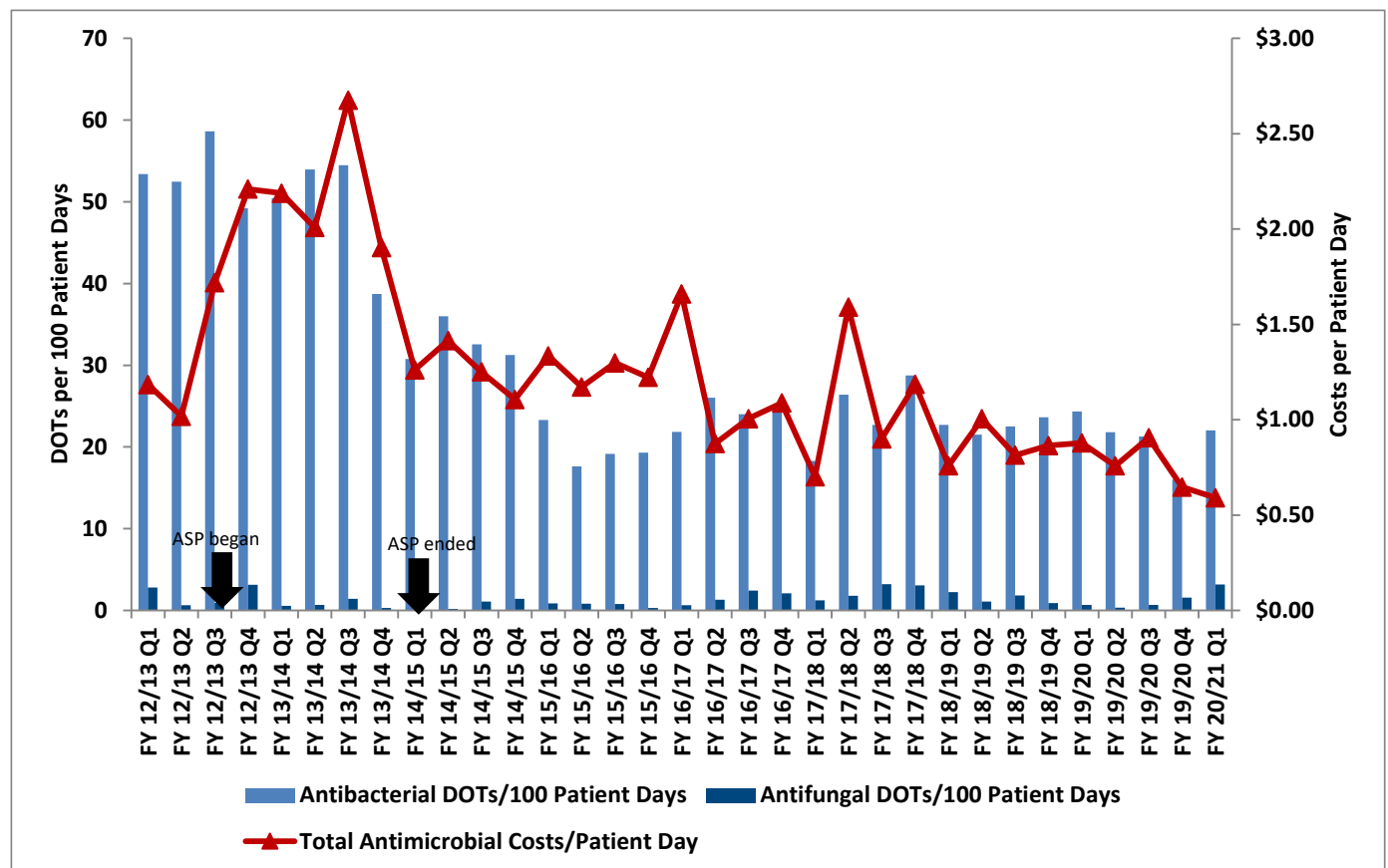
NB: In past Quarterly Reports, if a patient had more than one culture of different organisms, it was counted as 0.5 each. Starting with the Q3 2017/18 Quarterly Report and moving forward, it will be counted as 1.

## Mount Sinai Hospital: Neonatal ICU

Currently, there are no active ASP rounds in the NICU, however, we have continued to collect days of therapy (DOT), which is the standard metric for antimicrobial consumption for neonates. The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Antimicrobial days of therapy (DOT) per 100 patient days increased (↑) by 0.7% compared to YTD last year.
- Antimicrobial costs per patient day decreased (↓) by 32.7% compared to YTD last year.

### Mount Sinai Hospital: Neonatal ICU Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs Per Patient Day



**Table 5: Mount Sinai Hospital: Neonatal ICU**

Indicators	FY 11/12	FY 12/13	FY 13/14	FY 14/15	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	FY20/21 Performance					YTD of Previous Year
										Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs															
Total Antimicrobial DOTs/100 Patient Days	67.3	55.4	49.4	33.5	20.6	25.8	26.4	24.1	21.6	25.2				25.2	25.0
Systemic Antibacterial DOTs/100 Patient Days	65.1	53.5	48.7	32.7	19.9	24.2	24.1	22.6	20.8	22.0				22.0	24.3
Systemic Antifungal DOTs/100 Patient Days	2.2	1.8	0.7	0.8	0.7	1.6	2.3	1.5	0.8	3.2				3.2	0.7
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$16,415	\$17,682	\$26,162	\$21,371	\$21,232	\$19,618	\$19,272	\$15,325	\$13,996	\$2,600				\$2,600	\$3,825
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$1.31	\$1.51	\$2.17	\$1.26	\$1.26	\$1.15	\$1.09	\$0.86	\$0.80	\$0.59				\$0.59	\$0.88
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$14,783	\$16,505	\$25,290	\$20,516	\$20,804	\$18,247	\$18,042	\$14,788	\$13,642	\$2,406				\$2,406	\$3,808
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$1.18	\$1.41	\$2.10	\$1.21	\$1.23	\$1.07	\$1.02	\$0.83	\$0.78	\$0.55				\$0.55	\$0.87
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$1,632	\$1,177	\$872	\$855	\$428	\$1,372	\$1,230	\$451	\$354	\$194				\$194	\$17
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$0.13	\$0.10	\$0.07	\$0.05	\$0.03	\$0.08	\$0.07	\$0.03	\$0.02	\$0.04				\$0.04	\$0.00

Notes: Effective January 15, 2014, the NICU changed to a mixed-acuity model of care. Prior to this, ASP reported level 3 pharmacy data only. As of January 15, pharmacy data includes both level 2 and level 3 usage and cost. Patient days include both level 2 and 3 days; January level 2 days were determined by dividing the total days for the month by 2, since the change occurred midway through the month. Days of Therapy (DOT) was used as the metric for antimicrobial consumption, which is considered to be the standard for neonates.

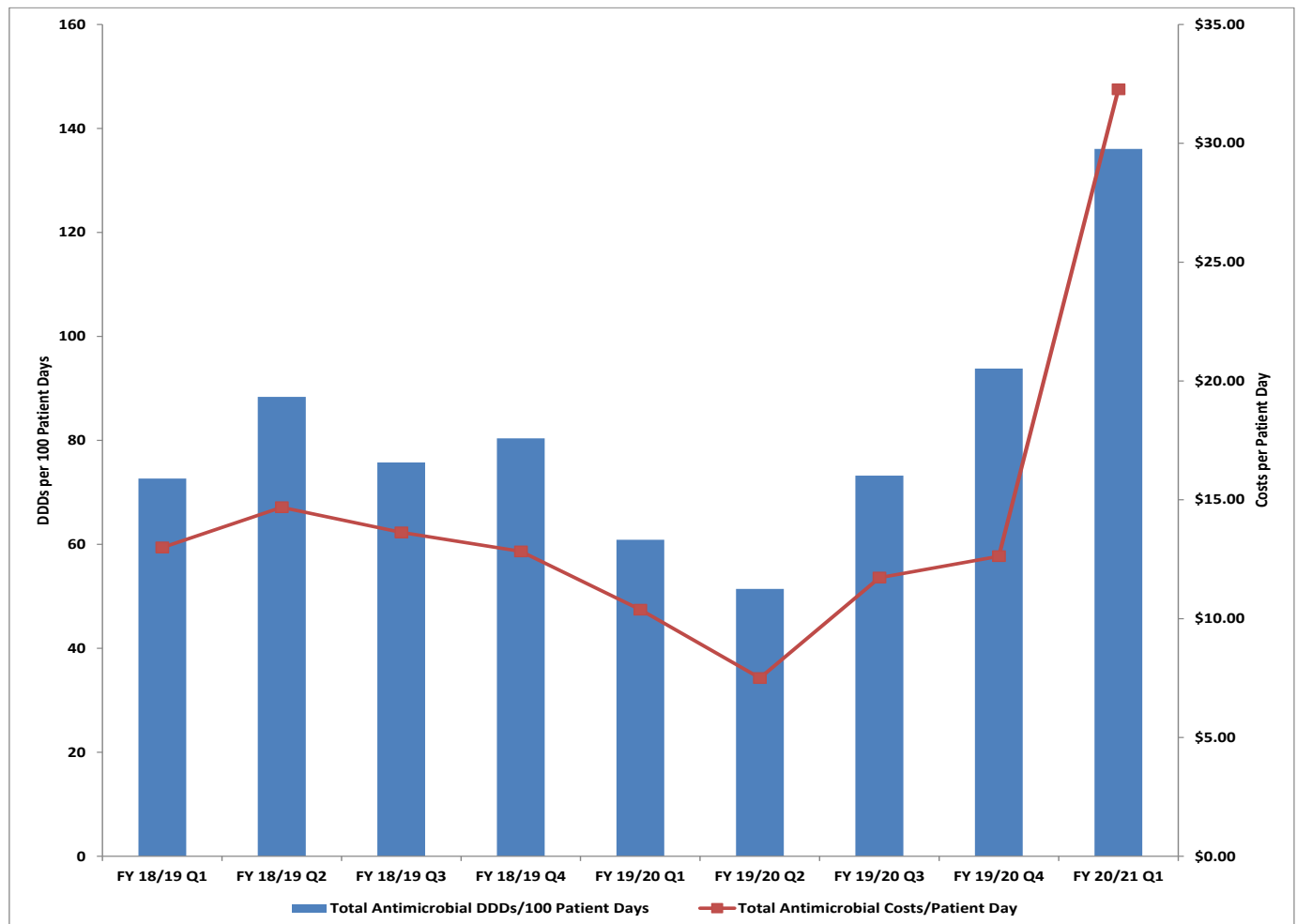


## Toronto General Hospital: Cardiac ICU

The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

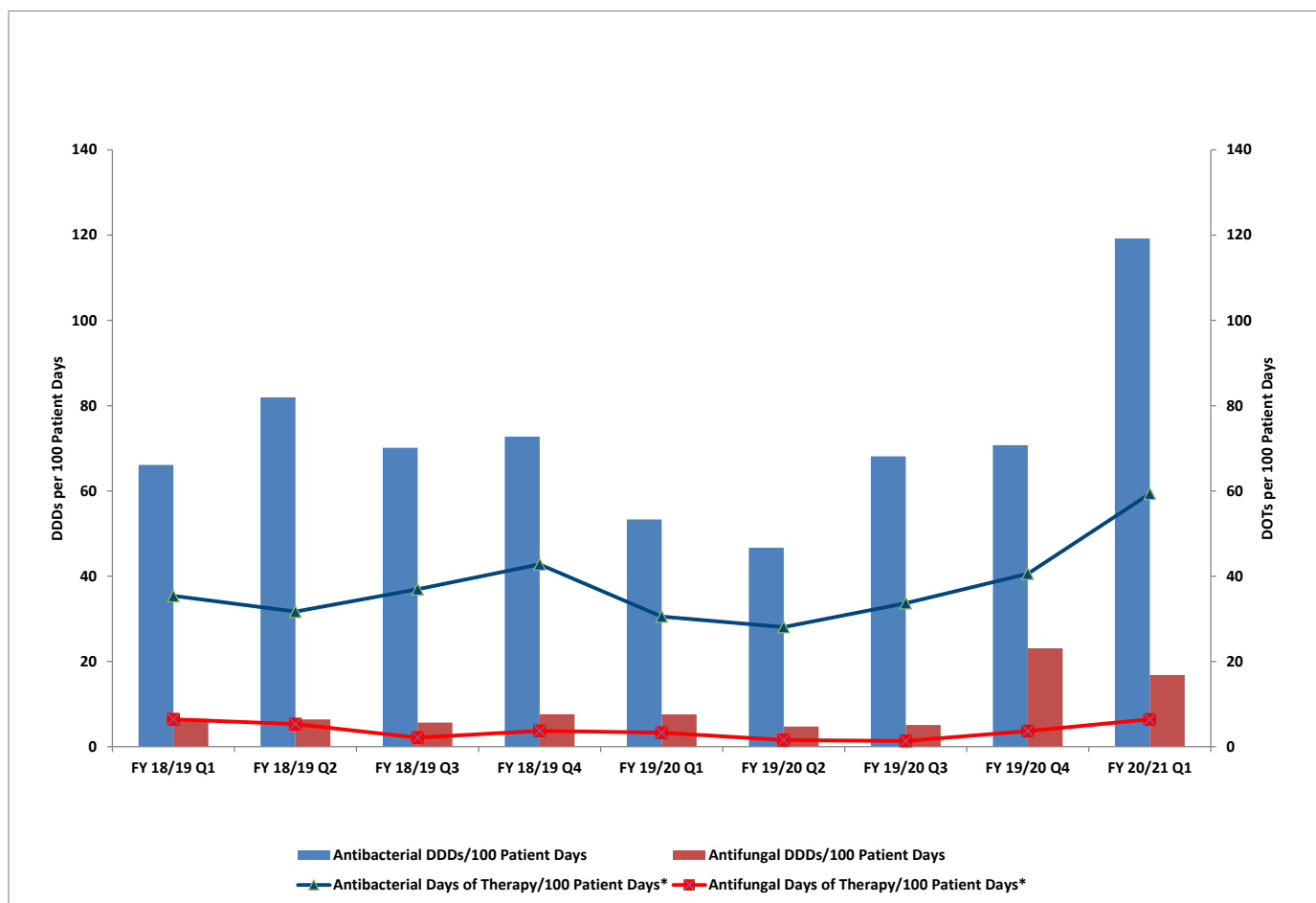
- Antimicrobial consumption (using defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days) increased (↑) by 123.4% compared to YTD last year.
  - Antimicrobial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 211.1% compared to YTD last year:
    - Antibacterial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 260.5% compared to YTD last year.
    - Antifungal costs per patient day increased (↑) by 116.9% compared to YTD last year.
- NB: micafungin prophylaxis in heart transplant patients had stopped in October 2015 and was then reinstated in March of 2016.

### Toronto General Hospital: Cardiac ICU Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs Per Patient Day



## Toronto General Hospital: Cardiac ICU Antimicrobial Consumption as Defined Daily Dose Versus Antimicrobial Consumption as Days of Therapy

- Antibacterial Days of Therapy (DOT) per 100 patient days increased (↑) by 94.3% compared to YTD last year.
- Antifungal Days of Therapy (DOT) per 100 patient days increased (↑) by 93.8% compared to YTD last year.



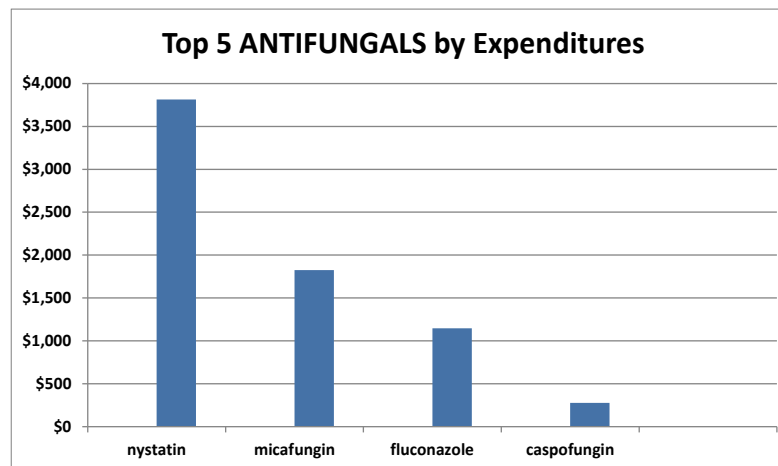
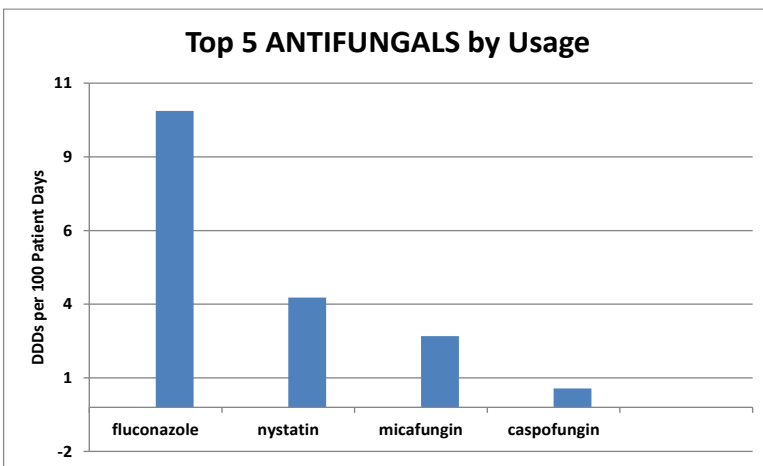
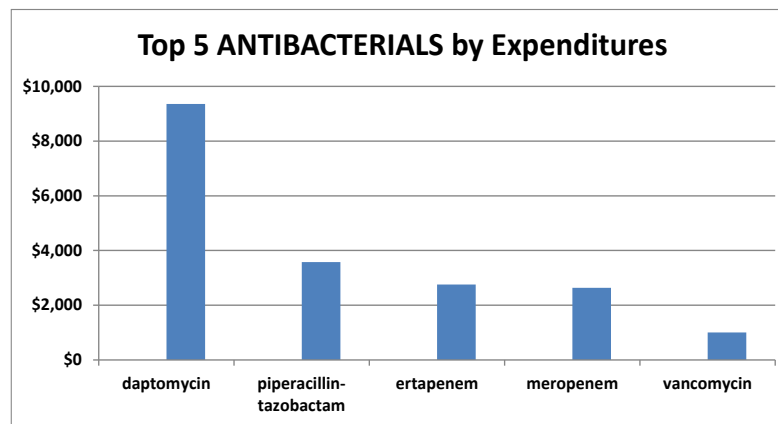
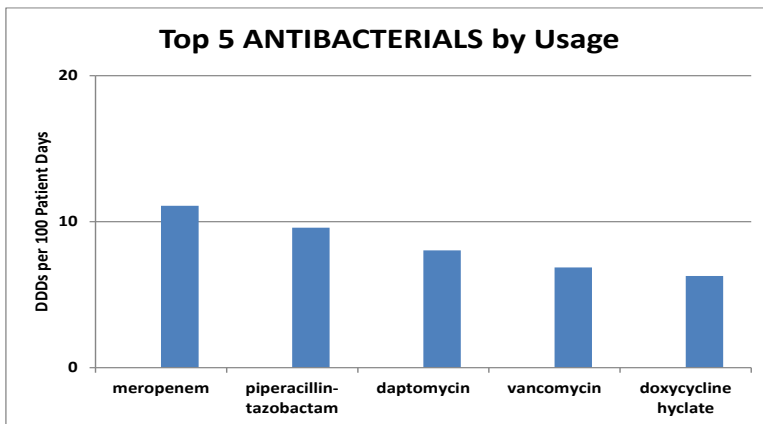
**Table 6: Toronto General Hospital: Cardiac ICU**

Indicators	FY 18/19 (Pre-ASP)	FY 19/20	FY 20/21 Performance					YTD of Previous Year
			Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs								
Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days	79	70	136				136	61
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	73	60	119				119	53
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	7	10	17				17	8
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$54,453	\$41,378	\$29,434				\$29,434	\$10,551
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$13.53	\$10.54	\$32.27				\$32.27	\$10.37
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$48,188	\$33,665	\$22,372				\$22,372	\$6,921
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$11.97	\$8.57	\$24.53				\$24.53	\$6.80
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$6,265	\$7,713	\$7,063				\$7,063	\$3,631
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$1.56	\$1.96	\$7.74				\$7.74	\$3.57
Antibacterial Days of Therapy/100 Patient Days*	37	33	59				59	31
Antifungal Days of Therapy/100 Patient Days*	4	2	6				6	3
Patient Care Outcomes								
Hospital-Acquired C. difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 pt days)	3 (0.75)	1 (0.25)	3 (3.29)				3 (3.29)	0 (0)
ICU Average Length of Stay (days)	2.95	2.97	3.68				3.68	2.92
ICU Mortality Rate (as a %)	6.63	6.68	7.0				6.96	6.5
ICU Readmission Rate Within 48 Hrs (as a %)	1.92	1.7	2.7				2.7	3.0
Central Line Infection Rate (per 1000 pt days)	0.7	0.80	0.0				0.00	0.0
Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia Rate (per 1,000 pt days)	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00
ICU Multiple Organ Dysfunction Score (MODS)	2.12	2.11	2.61				2.61	1.93
ICU Ventilator Days	819	743	322				322	179

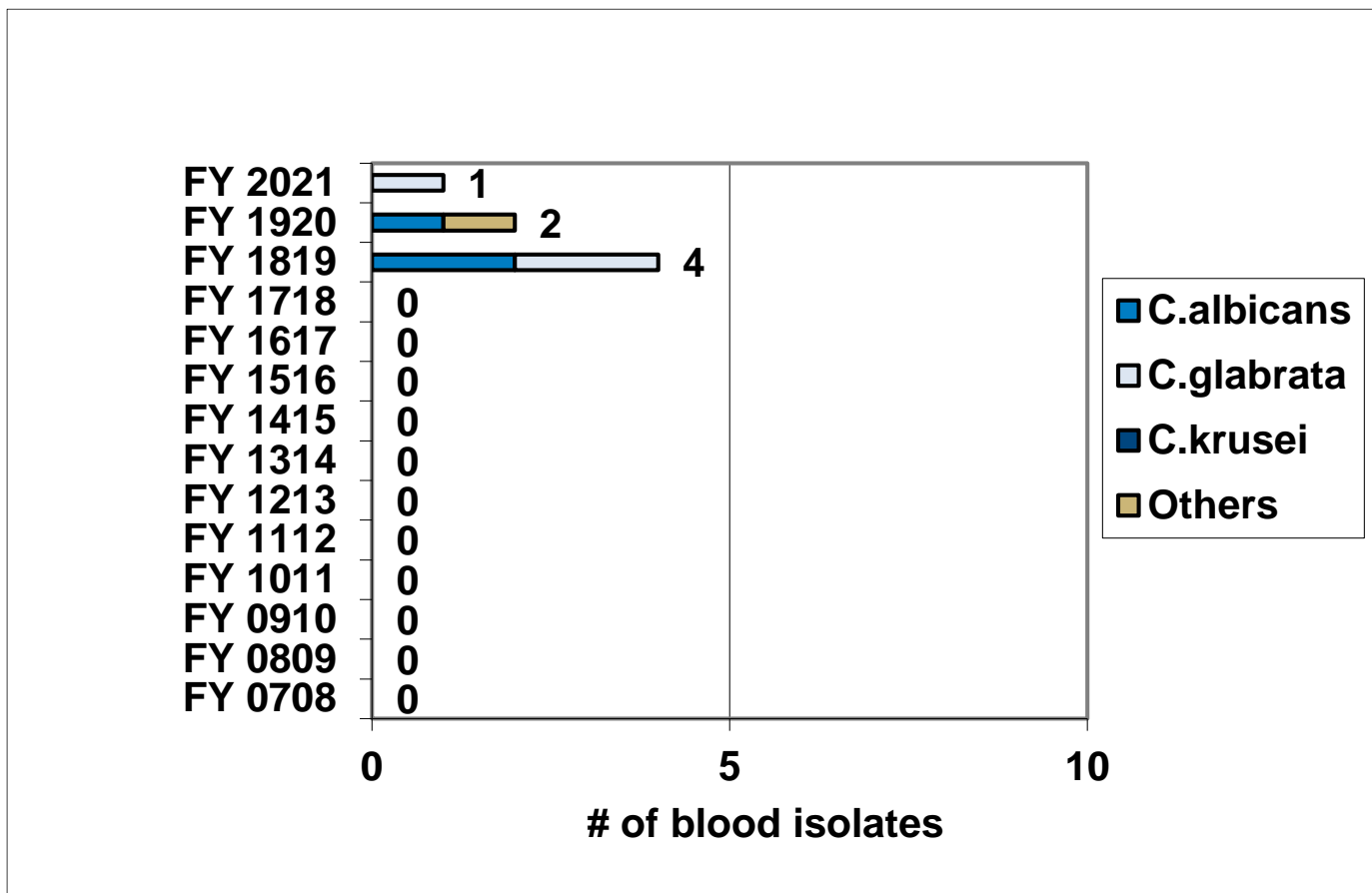
Total Antimicrobial DDDs is the sum of systemic antibacterial DDDs + systemic antifungal DDDs; non-systemic antimicrobials and antivirals are excluded.

Data Sources: Antimicrobial DDD and Costs (Centricity).

Table 7: TG CICU FY 20/21 Q1 Top 5 Antimicrobials by Usage (DDDs per 100 patient days) and Expenditures



**Table 8: Yeast Species Isolated in Blood – Toronto General Hospital Cardiac ICU**



NB: In past Quarterly Reports, if a patient had more than one culture of different organisms, it was counted as 0.5 each. Starting with the Q3 2017/18 Quarterly Report and moving forward, it will be counted as 1.

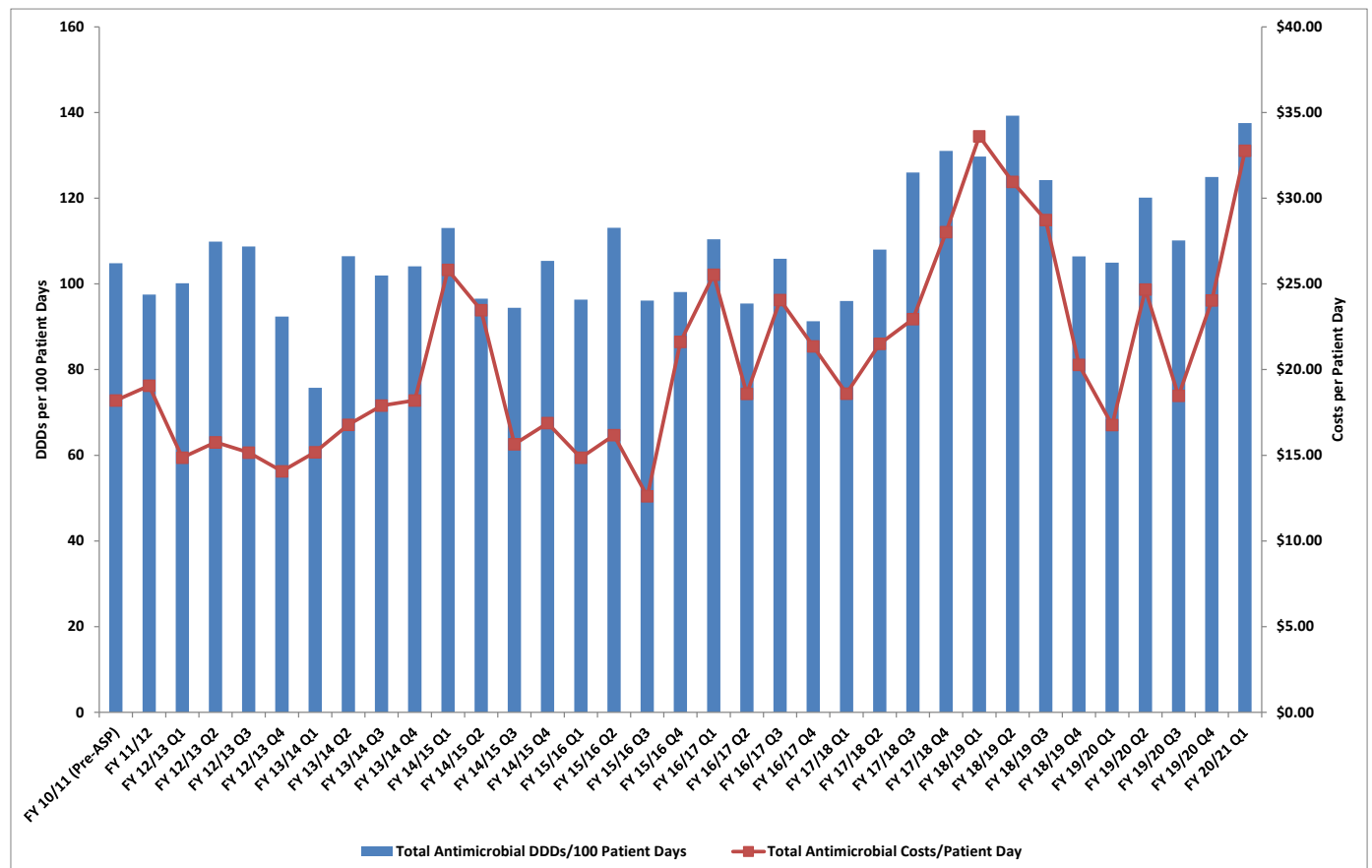


## Toronto General Hospital: Cardiovascular ICU

The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Antimicrobial consumption (using defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days) increased (↑) by 31.1% compared to YTD last year.
  - Antimicrobial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 95.5% compared to YTD last year:
    - Antibacterial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 44.5% compared to YTD last year.
    - Antifungal costs per patient day increased (↑) by 207.6% compared to YTD last year.
- NB: micafungin prophylaxis in heart transplant patients had stopped in October 2015 and was then reinstated in March of 2016

### Toronto General Hospital: Cardiovascular ICU Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs Per Patient Day



## Toronto General Hospital: Cardiovascular ICU Antimicrobial Consumption as Defined Daily Dose Versus Antimicrobial Consumption as Days of Therapy

- Antibacterial Days of Therapy (DOT) per 100 patient days decreased (↓) by 4.6% compared to YTD last year.
- Antifungal Days of Therapy (DOT) per 100 patient days increased (↑) by 69.8% compared to YTD last year.

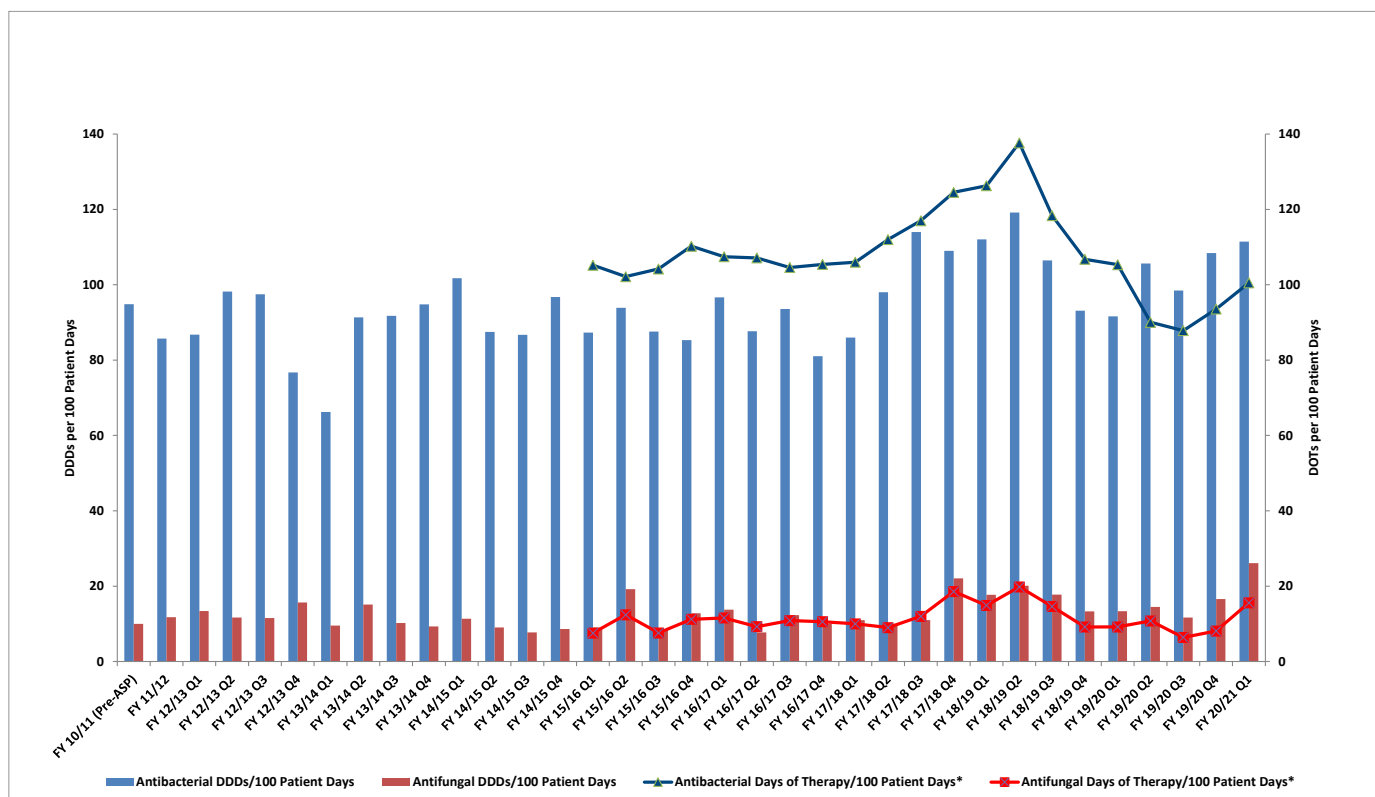


Table 9: Toronto General Hospital: Cardiovascular ICU

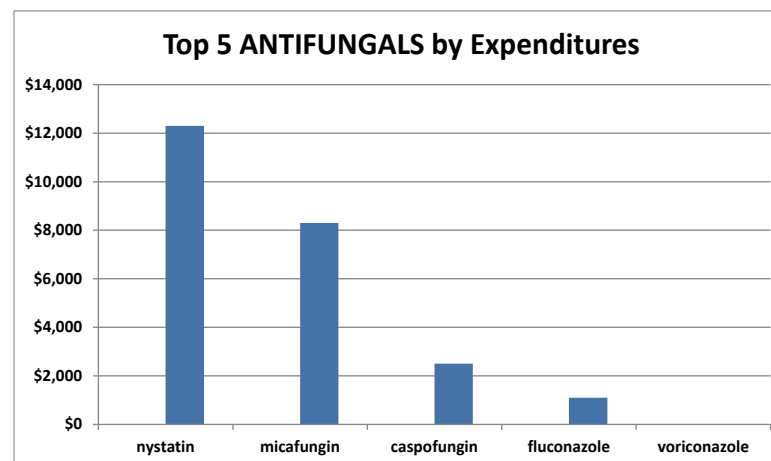
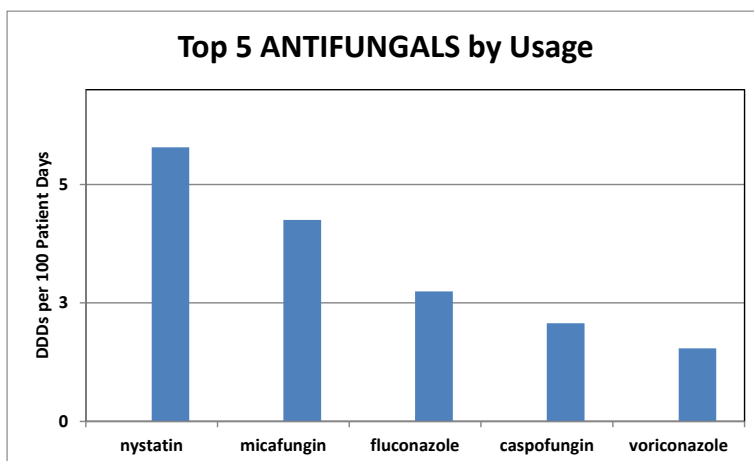
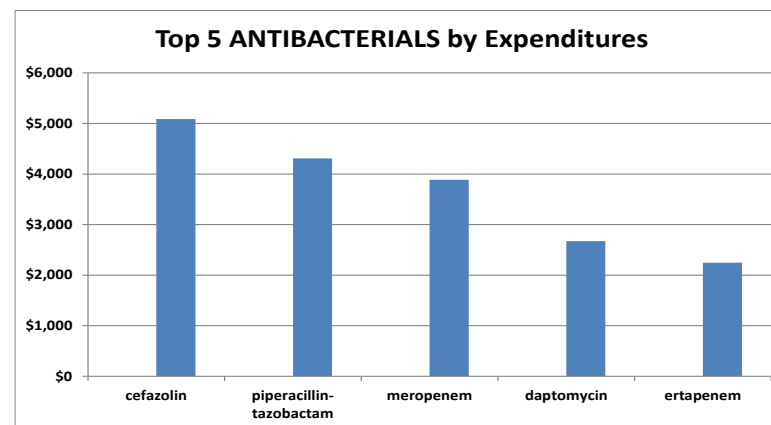
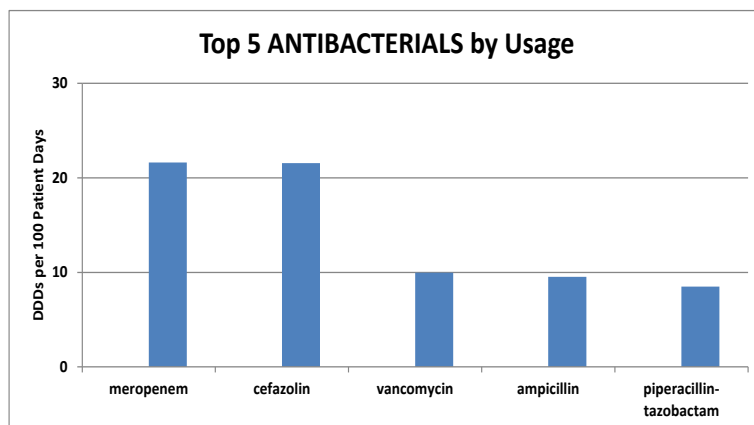
Indicators	FY 10/11 (Pre-ASP)	FY 11/12	FY 12/13	FY 13/14	FY 14/15	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	FY 20/21 Performance					YTD of Previous Year
											Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs																
Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days	105	98	102	97	102	101	101	115	125	114	138				138	105
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	95	86	89	86	93	89	90	102	108	101	111				111	92
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	10	12	13	11	9	13	11	14	17	14	26				26	13
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$108,172	\$108,464	\$85,916	\$100,736	\$129,314	\$110,716	\$153,093	\$160,790	\$191,845	\$123,093	\$49,194				\$49,194	\$28,651
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$18.20	\$19.06	\$14.99	\$17.00	\$20.46	\$16.34	\$22.44	\$22.80	\$28.30	\$20.70	\$32.77				\$32.77	\$16.76
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$100,375	\$99,261	\$74,232	\$80,204	\$91,366	\$85,343	\$96,782	\$112,228	\$131,651	\$88,887	\$24,987				\$24,987	\$19,691
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$16.89	\$17.44	\$12.95	\$13.54	\$14.45	\$12.60	\$14.19	\$15.92	\$19.42	\$14.95	\$16.65				\$16.65	\$11.52
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$7,797	\$9,204	\$11,684	\$20,532	\$37,948	\$25,373	\$56,311	\$48,562	\$60,194	\$34,207	\$24,207				\$24,207	\$8,960
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$1.31	\$1.62	\$2.04	\$3.47	\$6.00	\$3.75	\$8.26	\$6.89	\$8.88	\$5.75	\$16.13				\$16.13	\$5.24
Antibacterial Days of Therapy/100 Patient Days*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	129	105	106	115	122	87	100				100	105
Antifungal Days of Therapy/100 Patient Days*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	28	10	11	13	15	8	16				16	9
Patient Care Outcomes																
Hospital-Acquired C. difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 pt days)	2 (0.34)	5 (0.88)	6 (1.05)	7 (1.18)	7 (1.11)	7 (1.03)	6 (0.88)	19 (2.69)	4 (0.59)	1 (0.17)	2 (1.33)				2 (1.33)	1 (0.59)
ICU Average Length of Stay (days)	3.12	2.95	2.97	3.20	3.46	3.45	3.48	3.22	3.55	3.13	4.24				4.24	3.23
ICU Mortality Rate (as a %)	3.5	3.0	3.0	4.6	4.6	4.0	3.7	4.3	2.80	3.50	8.7				8.65	2.8
ICU Readmission Rate Within 48 Hrs (as a %)	1.6	2.2	1.8	2.2	2.4	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.6	2.0	3.3				3.3	1.6
Central Line Infection Rate (per 1000 pt days)	0.73	0.17	0.34	0.16	0.15	0.53	0.84	2.41	0.70	0.60	0.0				0.00	0.5
Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia Rate (per 1,000 pt days)	2.99	2.80	1.91	1.73	2.81	0.94	4.06	4.11	3.10	2.16	0				0.00	0
ICU Multiple Organ Dysfunction Score (MODS)	6.22	6.07	5.51	5.77	5.60	5.83	6.04	5.44	3.99	3.91	4.11				4.11	4.24
ICU Ventilator Days	3015	3571	3676	4049	3925	4239	4917	4555	3906	3405	825				825	1006

Total Antimicrobial DDDs is the sum of systemic antibacterial DDDs + systemic antifungal DDDs; non-systemic antimicrobials and antivirals are excluded.

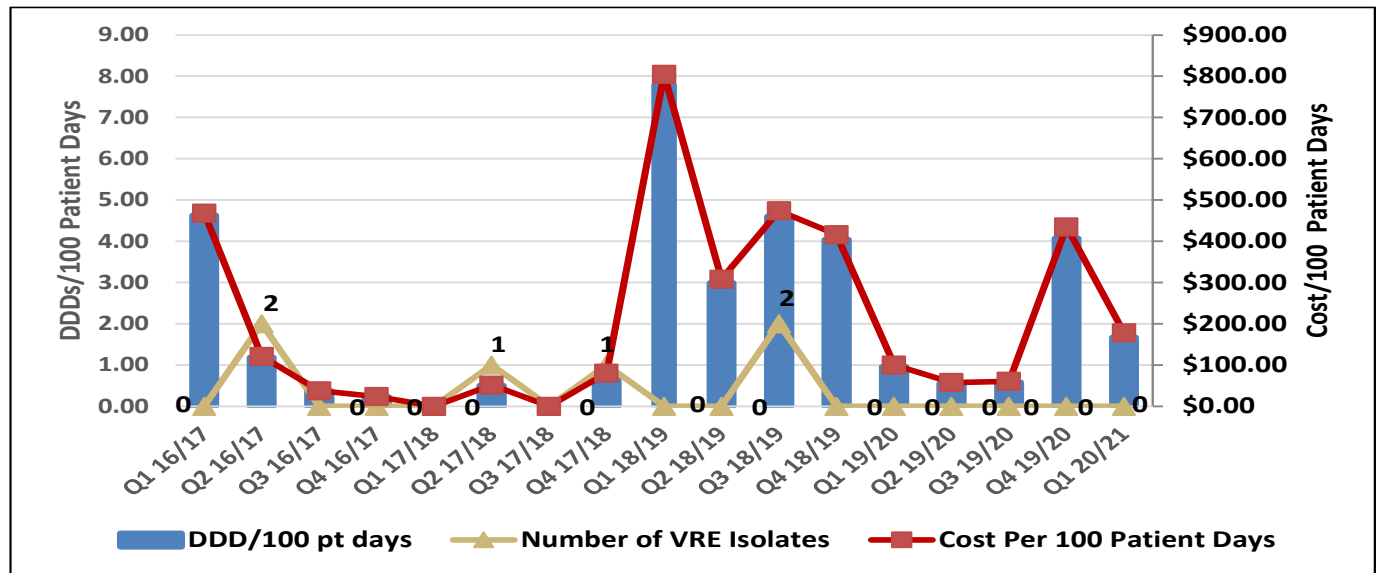
Data Sources: Antimicrobial DDD and Costs (Centricity). \*An error in DDD calculation for Pip-tazo was detected in Q3 2013; all historical data prior to this was rerun, resulting in minor changes to antibacterial DDDs.

There was a calculation error for the ICU Readmission Rate for FY 16/17 Q3. That figure has now been corrected.

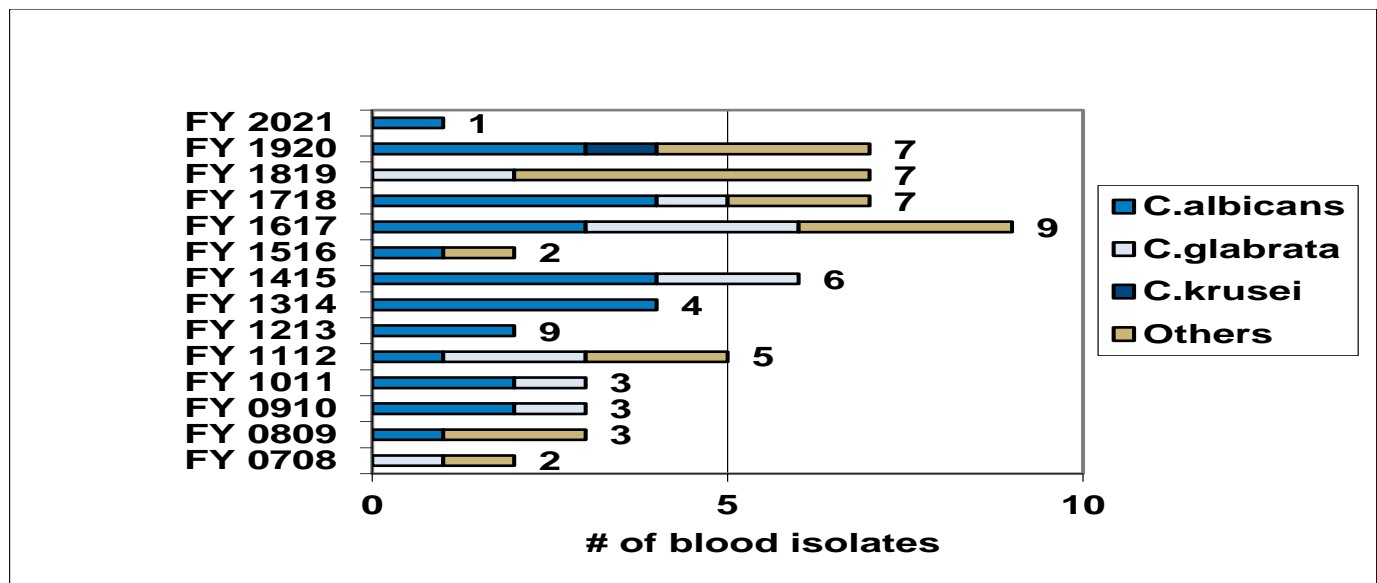
Table 10: TG CVICU FY 20/21 Q1 Top 5 Antimicrobials by Usage (DDDs per 100 patient days) and Expenditures



**Table 11: Daptomycin Use – Toronto General Hospital Cardiovascular ICU**



**Table 12: Yeast Species Isolated in Blood – Toronto General Hospital Cardiovascular ICU**



NB: In past Quarterly Reports, if a patient had more than one culture of different organisms, it was counted as 0.5 each. Starting with the Q3 2017/18 Quarterly Report and moving forward, it will be counted as 1.

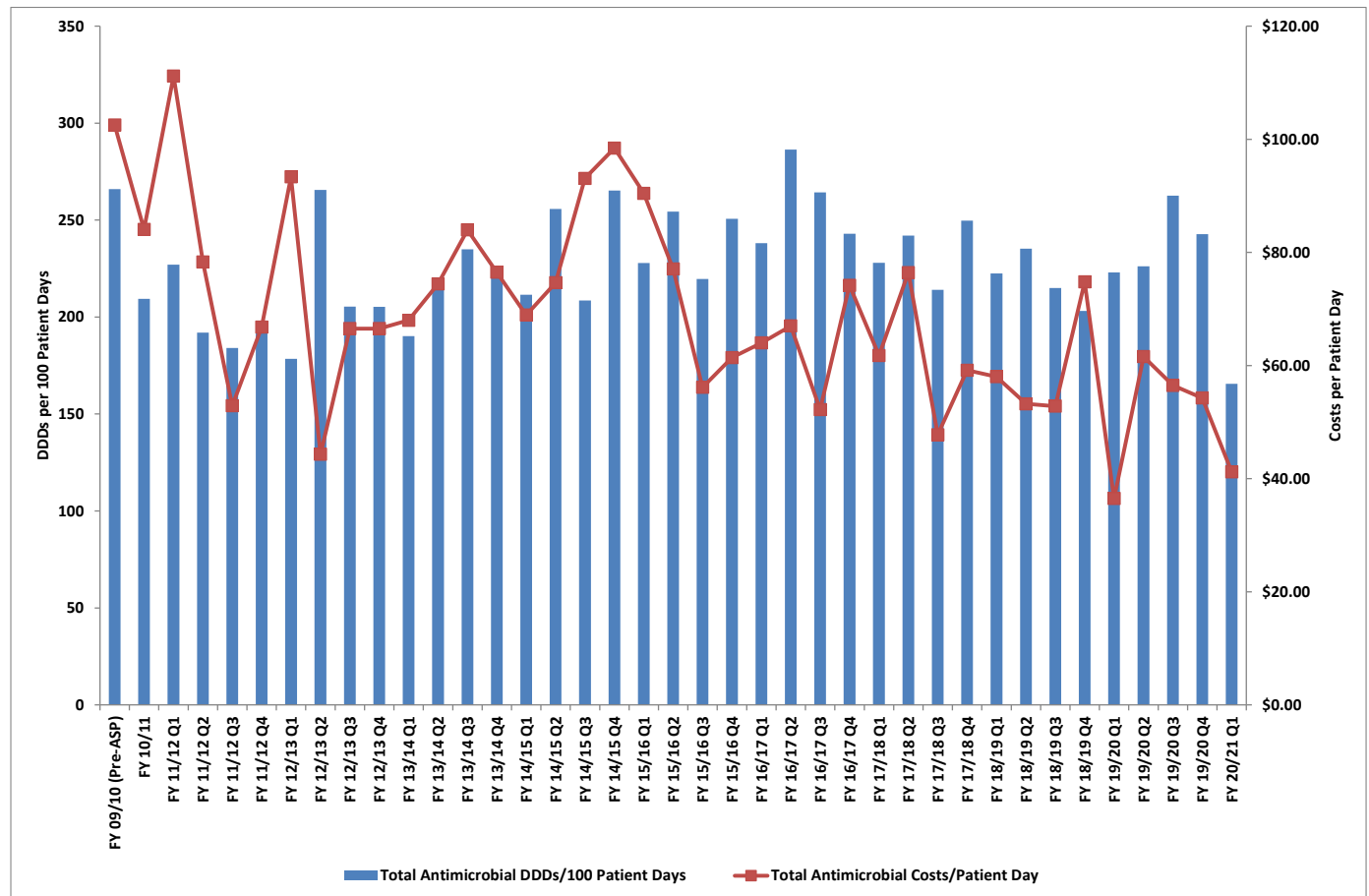


## Toronto General Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU

The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Antimicrobial consumption (using defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days) decreased (↓) by 25.7% compared to YTD last year.
- Antimicrobial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 13.0% compared to YTD last year:
  - Antibacterial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 14.3% compared to YTD last year.
  - Antifungal costs per patient day increased (↑) by 11.1% compared to YTD last year.

### Toronto General Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs Per Patient Day



To view **Appendix 1: FY 20/21 Q1 Top 5 Antimicrobials by Usage (DDDs per 100 Patient Days) and Expenditures by ICU Site**, please click [here](#).

## Toronto General Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU Antimicrobial Consumption as Defined Daily Dose Versus Antimicrobial Consumption as Days of Therapy

- Antibacterial Days of Therapy (DOT) per 100 patient days decreased (↓) by 33.3% compared to YTD last year.
- Antifungal Days of Therapy (DOT) per 100 patient days decreased (↓) by 69.7% compared to YTD last year.

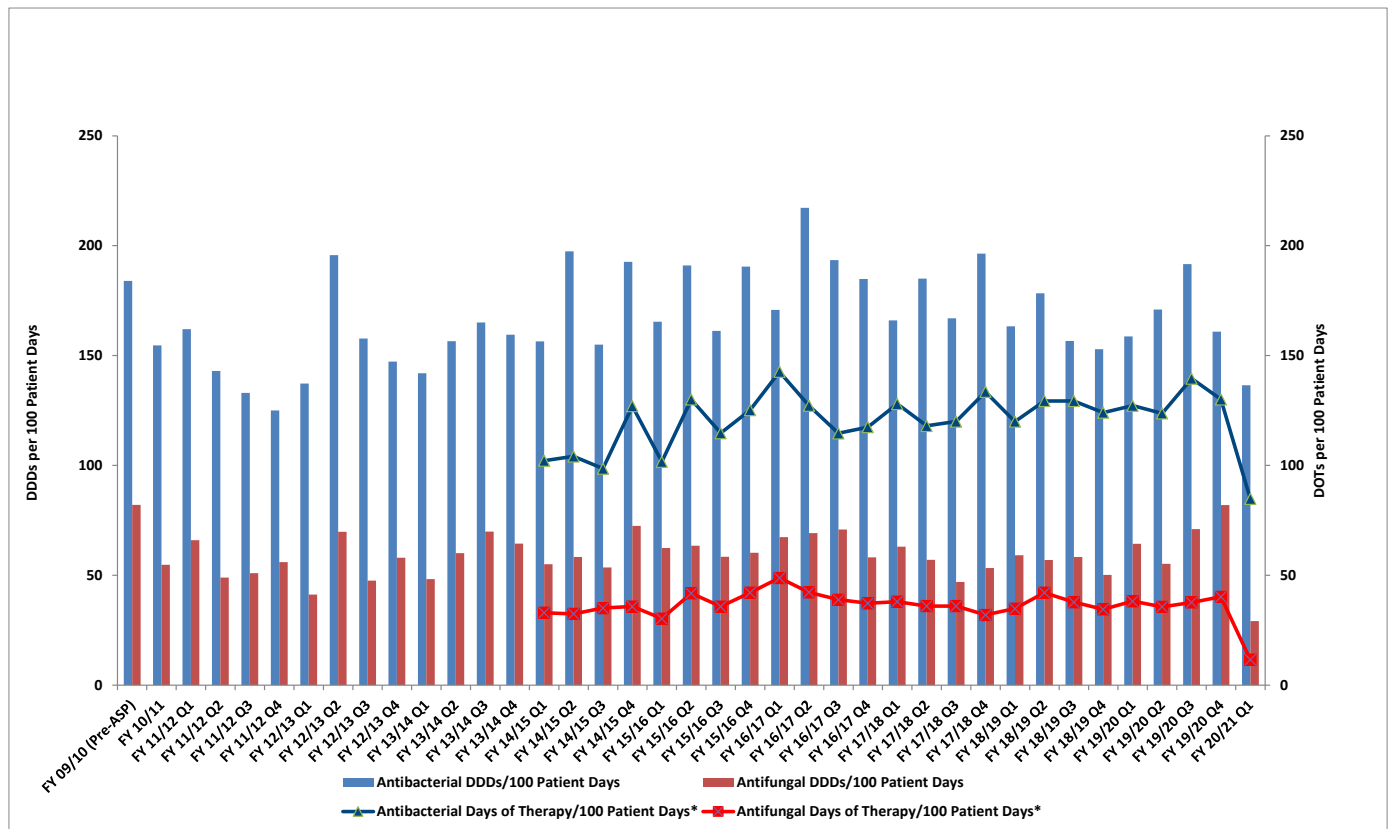


Table 13: Toronto General Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU

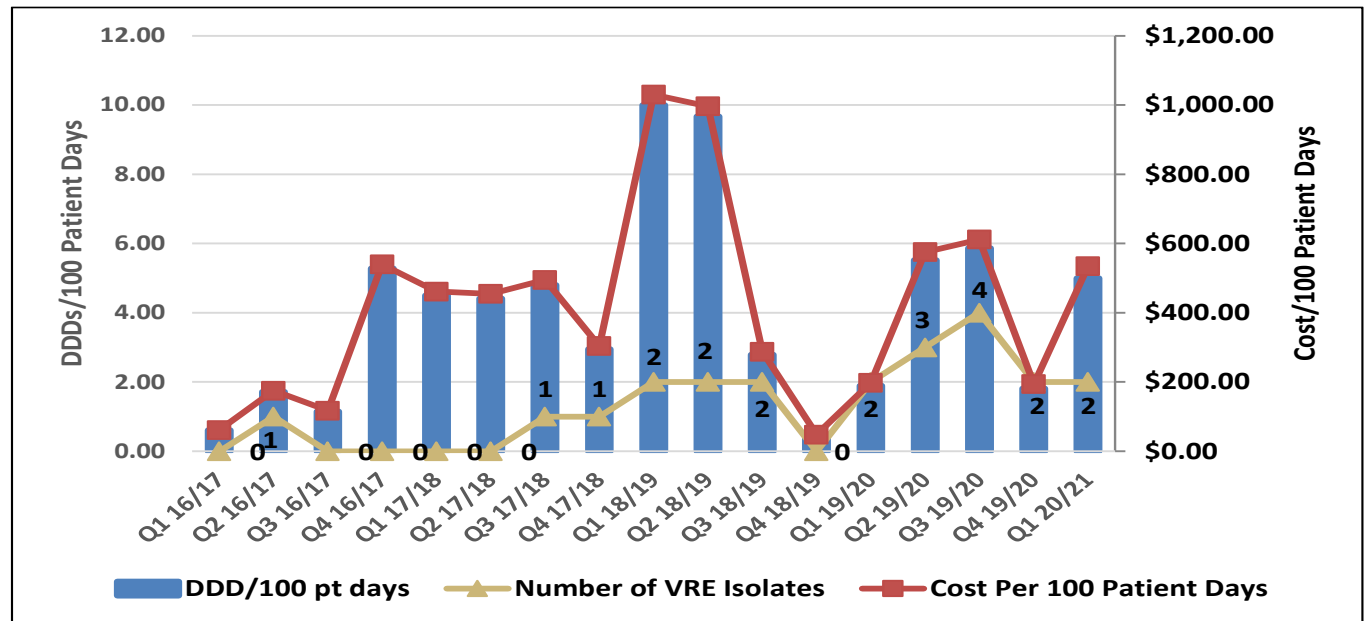
Indicators	FY 09/10 (Pre-ASP)	FY 10/11	FY 11/12	FY 12/13	FY 13/14	FY 14/15	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	FY 20/21 Performance					YTD of Previous Year
												Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs																	
Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days	266	209	199	213	217	235	239	258	234	219	239	166				166	223
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	184	155	143	159	156	175	178	191	179	163	171	136				136	159
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	82	55	55	54	61	60	84	66	55	56	68	29				29	64
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$701,451	\$629,472	\$567,532	\$473,613	\$584,018	\$686,577	\$587,950	\$557,091	\$521,004	\$586,604	\$523,646	\$97,150				\$97,150	\$91,041
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$102.52	\$84.06	\$76.93	\$63.75	\$75.71	\$83.65	\$71.06	\$64.53	\$61.18	\$59.83	\$52.21	\$41.22				\$41.22	\$36.49
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$390,209	\$375,436	\$292,355	\$231,171	\$225,557	\$293,126	\$254,392	\$267,107	\$259,216	\$278,131	\$270,654	\$57,065				\$57,065	\$52,858
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$57.03	\$50.14	\$39.63	\$31.12	\$29.24	\$35.71	\$30.75	\$30.94	\$30.44	\$28.37	\$26.98	\$24.21				\$24.21	\$21.19
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$311,242	\$254,036	\$275,176	\$242,443	\$358,461	\$393,451	\$333,559	\$289,984	\$261,788	\$308,473	\$252,992	\$40,085				\$40,085	\$38,183
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$45.49	\$33.93	\$37.30	\$32.63	\$46.47	\$47.94	\$40.31	\$33.59	\$30.74	\$31.46	\$25.22	\$17.01				\$17.01	\$15.30
Antibacterial Days of Therapy/100 Patient Days*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	107.9	118.3	126	125	126	127	85				85	127
Antifungal Days of Therapy/100 Patient Days*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	34.1	37.7	42	35	37	37	12				12	38
Patient Care Outcomes																	
Hospital-Acquired C. difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 pt days)	10 (1.46)	10 (1.33)	11 (1.49)	11 (1.48)	12 (1.56)	10 (1.22)	10 (1.21)	15 (1.74)	9 (1.06)	14 (1.43)	8 (0.8)	5 (2.12)				5 (2.12)	2 (0.8)
ICU Average Length of Stay (days)	8.24	8.61	8.85	7.79	8.22	8.08	7.62	7.94	7.10	8.01	8.41	9.01				9.01	8.20
ICU Mortality Rate (as a %)	16.2	15.7	16.3	16.0	17.8	17.2	17.2	16.8	15.7	16.30	15.34	18.7				18.70	11.8
ICU Readmission Rate Within 48 Hrs (as a %)	3.8	4.4	4.4	2.8	3.5	3.0	3.4	3.2	2.3	3.40	3.02	6.5				6.50	2.5
ICU Ventilator Days	5399	6256	6507	6458	24620	7330	7048	7657	7670	8305	8203	2060				2060	1940
Apache II Score	n/a	n/a	16.1	15.8	15.9	15.1	15.4	16.7	16.9	16.60	15.43					0.00	
ICU Multiple Organ Dysfunction Score (MODS)										5.83	5.83	6.61				6.61	5.81

Total Antimicrobial DDDs is the sum of systemic antibacterial DDDs + systemic antifungal DDDs; non-systemic antimicrobials and antivirals are excluded.

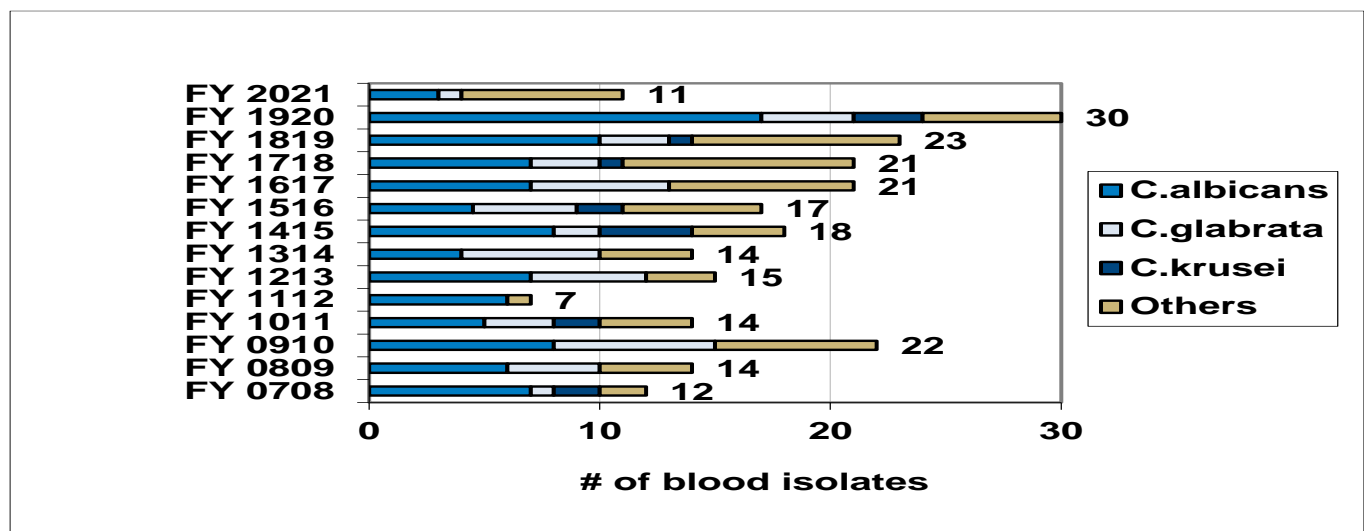
Data Sources: Antimicrobial DDD and Costs (Centricity). \*An error in DDD calculation for Pip-tazo was detected in Q3 2013; all historical data prior to this was rerun, resulting in minor changes to antibacterial DDDs.

There was a calculation error for the ICU Readmission Rate for FY 16/17 Q3. That figure has now been corrected.

**Table 14: Daptomycin Use – Toronto General Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU**



**Table 15: Yeast Species Isolated in Blood – Toronto General Hospital: Medical Surgical ICU**



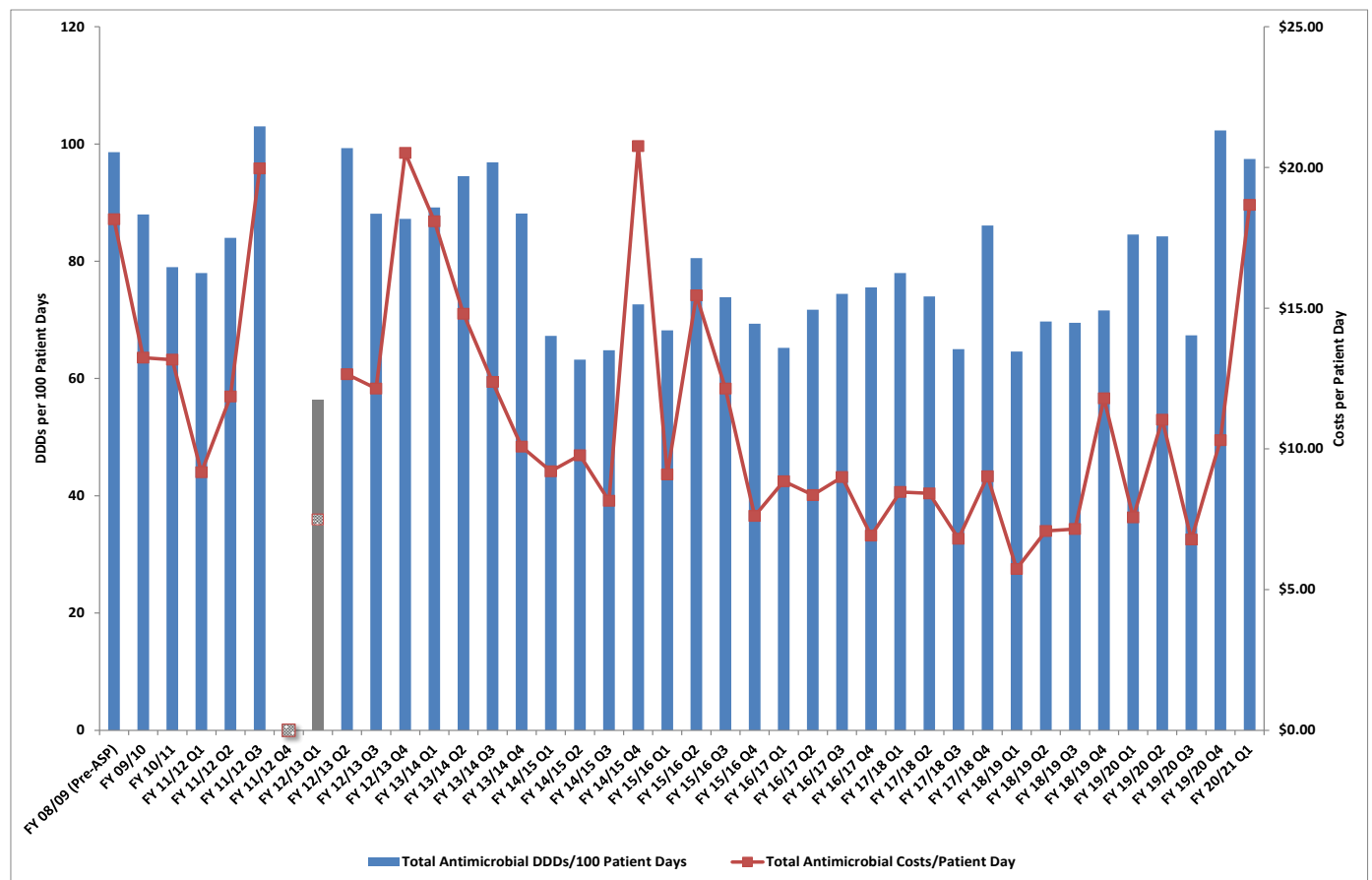
NB: In past Quarterly Reports, if a patient had more than one culture of different organisms, it was counted as 0.5 each. Starting with the Q3 2017/18 Quarterly Report and moving forward, it will be counted as 1.

## Toronto Western Hospital: Medical, Surgical, and Neurosurgical ICU

The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Antimicrobial consumption (using defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days) increased (↑) by 15.2% compared to YTD last year.
- Antimicrobial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 146.8% compared to YTD last year:
  - Antibacterial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 56.4% compared to YTD last year.
  - Antifungal costs per patient day increased (↑) by 867.7% compared to YTD last year.

### Toronto Western Hospital: Medical, Surgical, and Neurosurgical ICU Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs Per Patient Day

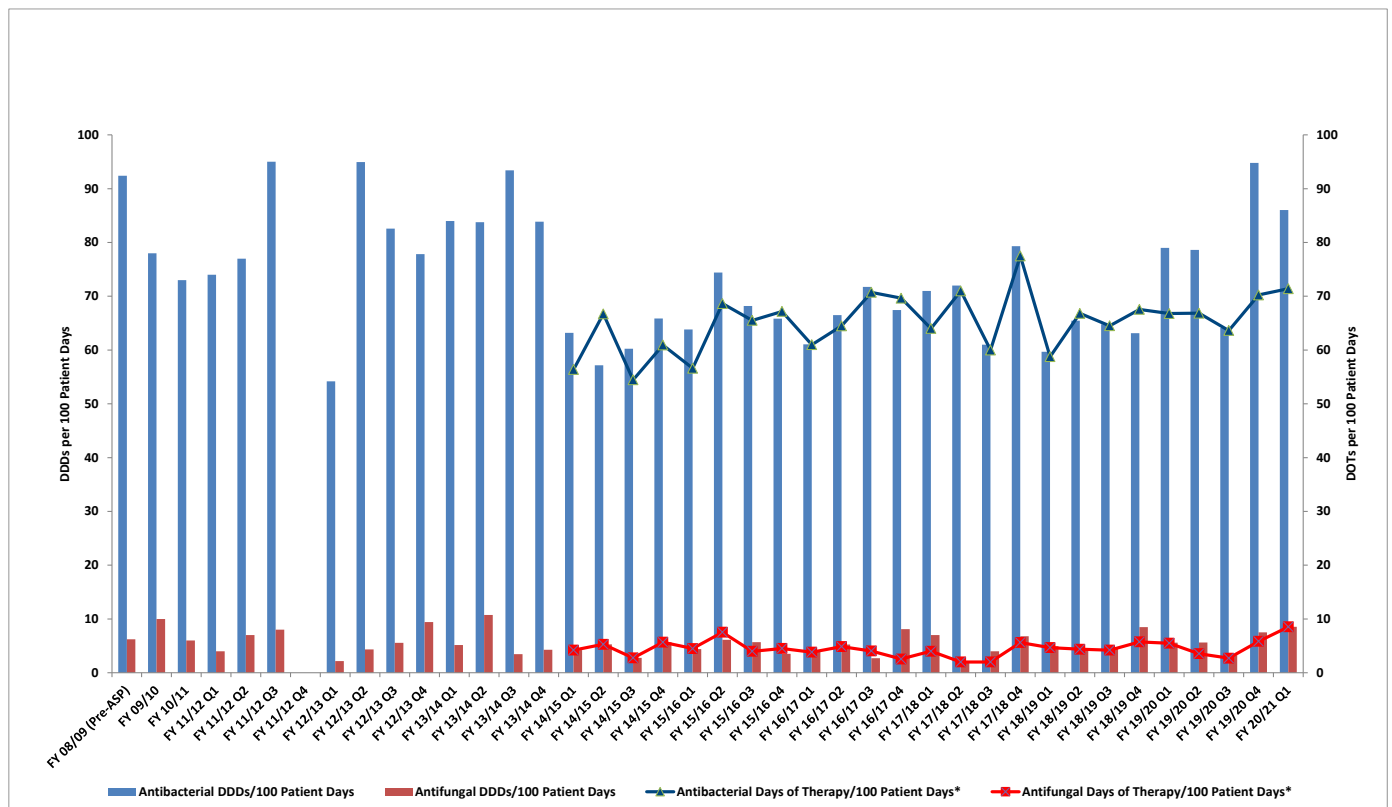


Due to an error in the Centricity Pharmacy database, we are not able to provide accurate DDD data and utilization cost for the Toronto Western Hospital ICU for FY 11/12 Q4. This also affected the recovery in FY 12/13 Q1 so neither quarter is reflected in the above graph.

To view **Appendix 1: FY 20/21 Q1 Top 5 Antimicrobials by Usage (DDDs per 100 Patient Days) and Expenditures by ICU Site**, please click [here](#).

## Toronto Western Hospital: Medical, Surgical, and Neurosurgical ICU Antimicrobial Consumption as Defined Daily Dose Versus Antimicrobial Consumption as Days of Therapy

- Antibacterial Days of Therapy (DOT) per 100 patient days increased (↑) by 6.9% compared to YTD last year.
- Antifungal Days of Therapy (DOT) per 100 patient days increased (↑) by 55.5% compared to YTD last year.



Due to an error in the Centricity Pharmacy database, we are not able to provide accurate DDD data and utilization cost for the Toronto Western Hospital ICU for FY 11/12 Q4.



Table 16: Toronto Western Hospital: Medical, Surgical, and Neurosurgical ICU

Indicators	FY 08/09 (Pre-ASP)	FY 09/10	FY 10/11	FY 11/12	FY 12/13	FY 13/14	FY 14/15	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	FY20/21 Performance					YTD of Previous Year
													Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs																		
Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days	99	88	79	83	83	92	67	77	72	76	69	85	97				97	85
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	92	78	73	77	78	86	62	68	67	71	63	79	86				86	79
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	6	10	6	6	5	6	5	9	5	5	6	5	11				11	6
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$136,758	\$100,408	\$101,191	\$105,899	\$102,978	\$120,538	\$138,014	\$127,293	\$98,672	\$93,958	\$93,848	\$102,868	\$53,800				\$53,800	\$22,411
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$18.16	\$13.24	\$13.17	\$13.60	\$13.37	\$13.49	\$11.97	\$11.10	\$8.28	\$8.18	\$7.94	\$8.88	\$18.67				\$18.67	\$7.57
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$123,314	\$87,445	\$79,280	\$89,784	\$70,099	\$85,916	\$89,382	\$74,877	\$69,868	\$73,007	\$64,386	\$89,646	\$30,297				\$30,297	\$19,914
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$16.37	\$11.53	\$10.32	\$11.53	\$9.10	\$9.61	\$7.75	\$6.53	\$5.86	\$6.35	\$5.45	\$7.74	\$10.52				\$10.52	\$6.72
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$13,444	\$12,963	\$21,911	\$16,115	\$32,879	\$34,623	\$48,631	\$52,416	\$28,805	\$20,951	\$29,462	\$13,223	\$23,502				\$23,502	\$2,497
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$1.79	\$1.71	\$2.85	\$2.07	\$4.27	\$3.87	\$4.22	\$4.57	\$2.42	\$1.82	\$2.49	\$1.14	\$8.16				\$8.16	\$0.84
Antibacterial Days of Therapy/100 Patient Days*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	60	65	67	68	64	65	71				71	67
Antifungal Days of Therapy/100 Patient Days*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	4	5	4	3	5	4	9				9	5
Patient Care Outcomes																		
Hospital-Acquired C. difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 pt days)	6 (0.79)	9 (1.18)	4 (0.52)	13 (1.66)	5 (0.65)	12 (1.34)	10 (1.16)	9 (0.78)	8 (0.67)	10 (0.87)	20 (1.69)	11 (0.95)	2 (0.69)				2 (0.69)	2 (0.68)
ICU Average Length of Stay (days)	8.39	7.44	10.68	9.71	7.98	7.68	8.7	8.01	9.5	8.2	8.405	8.4	14.78				14.8	8.45
ICU Mortality Rate (as a %)	19.6	19.9	18.1	17.0	16.4	17.1	19.0	17.9	18.5	16.3	13.6	15.6	15.8				15.8	18.1
ICU Readmission Rate Within 48 Hrs (as a %)	3.9	4.7	4.9	3.21	3.00	3.85	3.40	2.54	1.34	2.61	2.37	1.6	3.18				3.2	0.52
ICU Ventilator Days	4617	6305	5960	5578	4947	5523	5180	5414	4937	4755	4484	4457.0	1508				1508.0	1142
ICU Apache II Score	15.0	14.7	13.7	13.8	12.9	12.8	13.2	13.0	14.0	13.4	13.5							
ICU Multiple Organ Dysfunction Score (MODS)											3.26	3.91	4.17				4.17	3.49

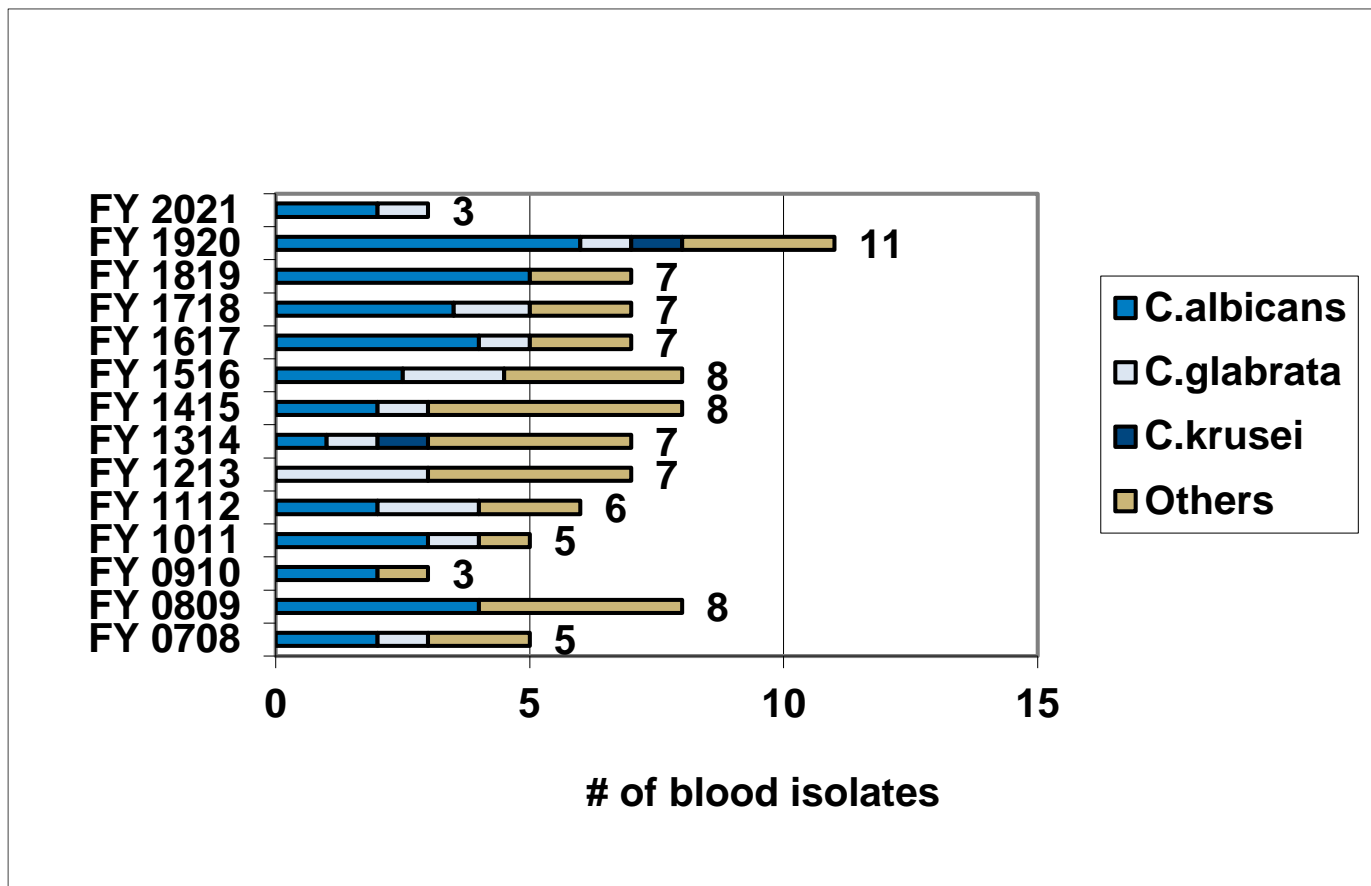
Notes: Data beginning in Q4 13/14 data consists of MSNICU patients (including eight ICU II patients).

Total Antimicrobial DDDs is the sum of systemic antibacterial DDDs + systemic antifungal DDDs; non-systemic antimicrobials and antivirals are excluded.

Data Sources: Antimicrobial DDD and Costs (Centricity) \*An error in DDD calculation for Pip-tazo was detected in Q3 2013; all historical data prior to this was rerun, resulting in minor changes to antibacterial DDDs.

There was a calculation error for the ICU Readmission Rate for FY 16/17 Q3. That figure has now been corrected.

**Table 17: Yeast Species Isolated in Blood – Toronto Western Hospital: Medical, Surgical, and Neurosurgical ICU**



NB: In past Quarterly Reports, if a patient had more than one culture of different organisms, it was counted as 0.5 each. Starting with the Q3 2017/18 Quarterly Report and moving forward, it will be counted as 1.

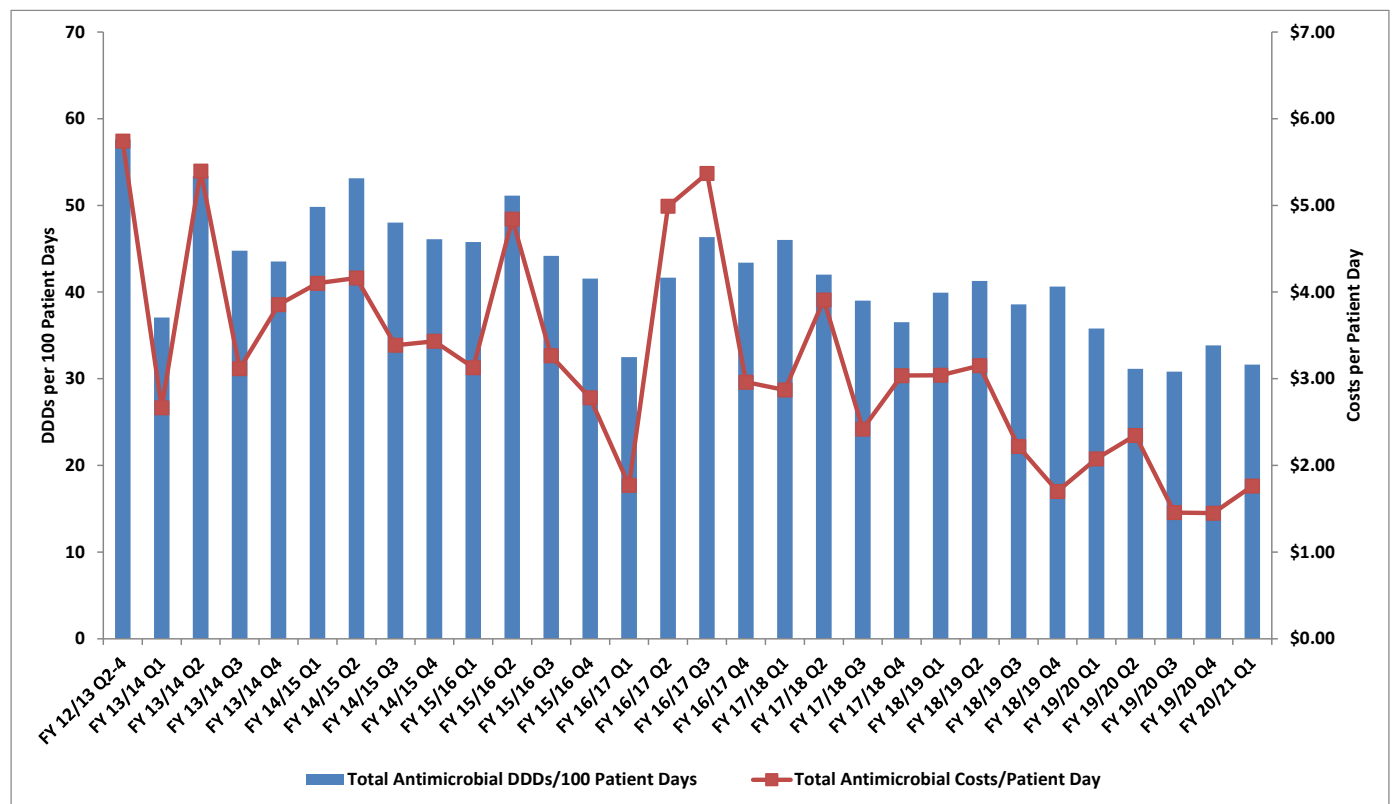
## GENERAL INTERNAL MEDICINE

### Mount Sinai Hospital: General Internal Medicine

The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Antimicrobial consumption (using defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days) decreased (↓) by 11.7% compared to YTD last year.
  - Antimicrobial costs per patient day decreased (↓) by 15.2% compared to YTD last year:
    - Antibacterial costs per patient day decreased (↓) by 19.8% compared to YTD last year.
    - Antifungal costs per patient day increased (↑) by 57.8% compared to YTD last year.
- NB: Usage data calculated for patients admitted by admission to GIM medical service at MSH.

### Mount Sinai Hospital: General Internal Medicine Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs Per Patient Day



To view **Appendix 2: General Internal Medicine FY 20/21 Q1 Top 5 Antimicrobials by Usage (DDDs per 100 patient days) and Expenditures**, please click [here](#).

Table 18: Mount Sinai Hospital: General Internal Medicine

Indicators	FY 12/13 (Q2-4)	FY 13/14	FY 14/15	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	FY 20/21 Performance					YTD of Previous Year
									Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs														
Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days	58	45	48	43	41	41	40	33	32				32	36
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	53	41	43	39	37	37	36	30	28				28	32
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3				3	3
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$125,012	\$123,737	\$128,661	\$106,518	\$126,283	\$105,254	\$88,219	\$78,788	\$15,146				\$15,146	\$22,057
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$5.74	\$3.76	\$3.63	\$2.92	\$3.69	\$3.04	\$2.35	\$1.83	\$1.76				\$1.76	\$2.08
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$105,621	\$99,731	\$104,822	\$84,173	\$78,418	\$81,436	\$76,628	\$66,233	\$12,650				\$12,650	\$19,473
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$4.85	\$3.03	\$2.96	\$2.31	\$2.29	\$2.35	\$2.04	\$1.54	\$1.47				\$1.47	\$1.83
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$15,422	\$20,153	\$16,352	\$15,983	\$42,012	\$17,644	\$6,476	\$8,187	\$1,843				\$1,843	\$1,443
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$0.71	\$0.61	\$0.46	\$0.44	\$1.23	\$0.51	\$0.17	\$0.19	\$0.21				\$0.21	\$0.14
Patient Care Outcomes														
Hospital-Acquired C. difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 patient days)	16 (0.64)	8 (0.32)	7 (0.27)	7 (0.28)	9 (0.35)	13 (0.55)	11 (0.44)	2 (0.08)	1 (0.18)				1 (0.18)	1 (0.15)

Total Antimicrobial DDDs is the sum of systemic antibacterial DDDs + systemic antifungal DDDs + systemic antivirals; non-systemic antimicrobials are excluded.

Data Sources: Antimicrobial DDD and Costs (PharmNet), C difficile (Infection Control Dashboards).

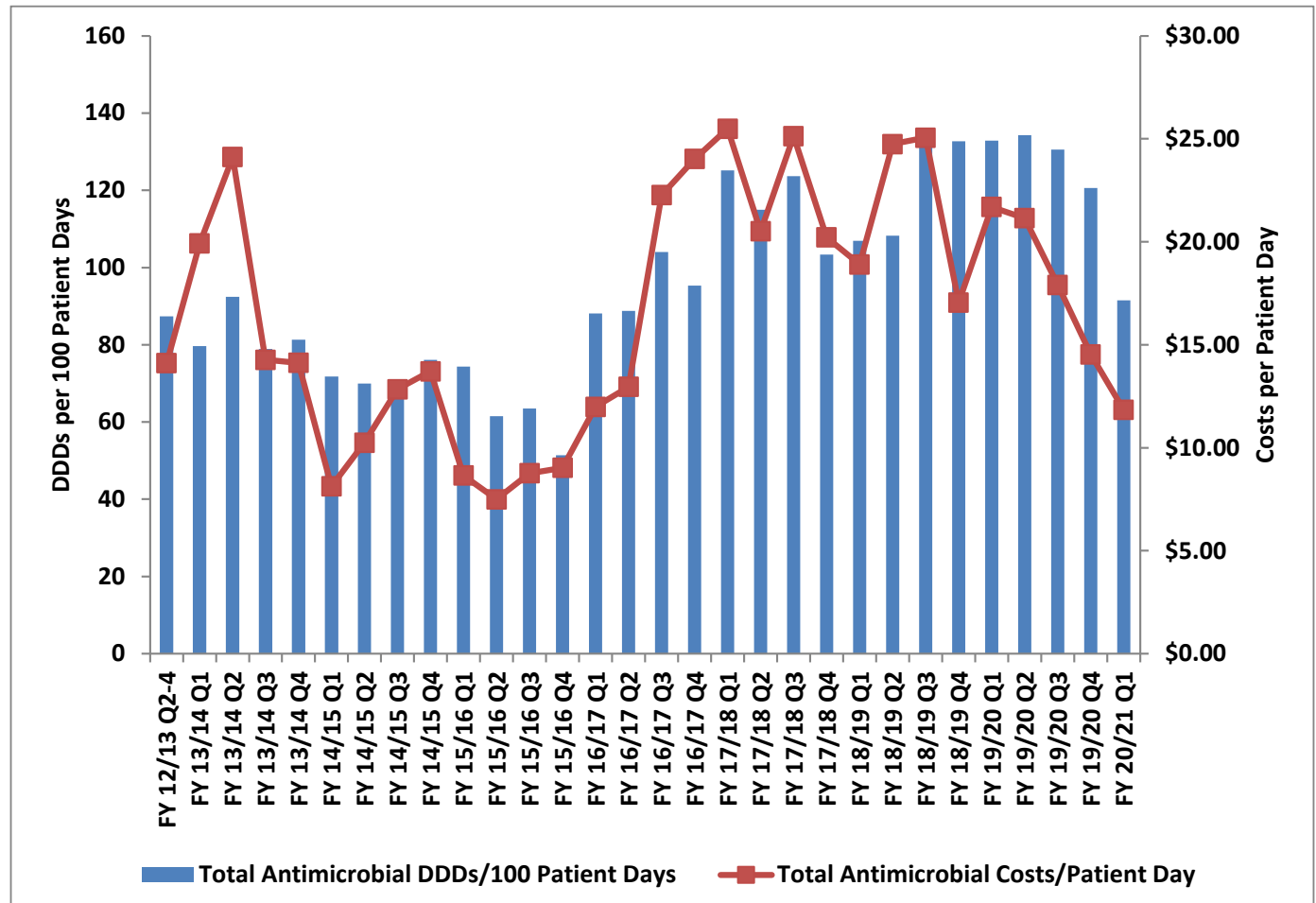
Historical antimicrobial usage and cost data updated due to the discovery that selected added drug dosages (Fluconazole 400mg/200ml bag, Pip-Tazo 13.5gm vial, Daptomycin 500mg vial) were not included in the report. Data have been revised to include Fluconazole starting August 2013, Pip-Tazo January 2015, and Daptomycin, November 2015.

## Toronto General Hospital: General Internal Medicine

The 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Antimicrobial consumption (using defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days) decreased (↓) by 31.2% compared to YTD last year.
  - Antimicrobial costs per patient day decreased (↓) by 45.4% compared to YTD last year:
    - Antibacterial costs per patient day decreased (↓) by 36.7% compared to YTD last year.
    - Antifungal costs per patient day decreased (↓) by 61.1% compared to YTD last year.
- NB: Usage data calculated for patients admitted to primary GIM units at TG.

### Toronto General Hospital: General Internal Medicine Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs Per Patient Day



To view **Appendix 2: General Internal Medicine FY 20/21 Q1 Top 5 Antimicrobials by Usage (DDDs per 100 patient days) and Expenditures**, please click [here](#).

**Table 19: Toronto General Hospital: General Internal Medicine**

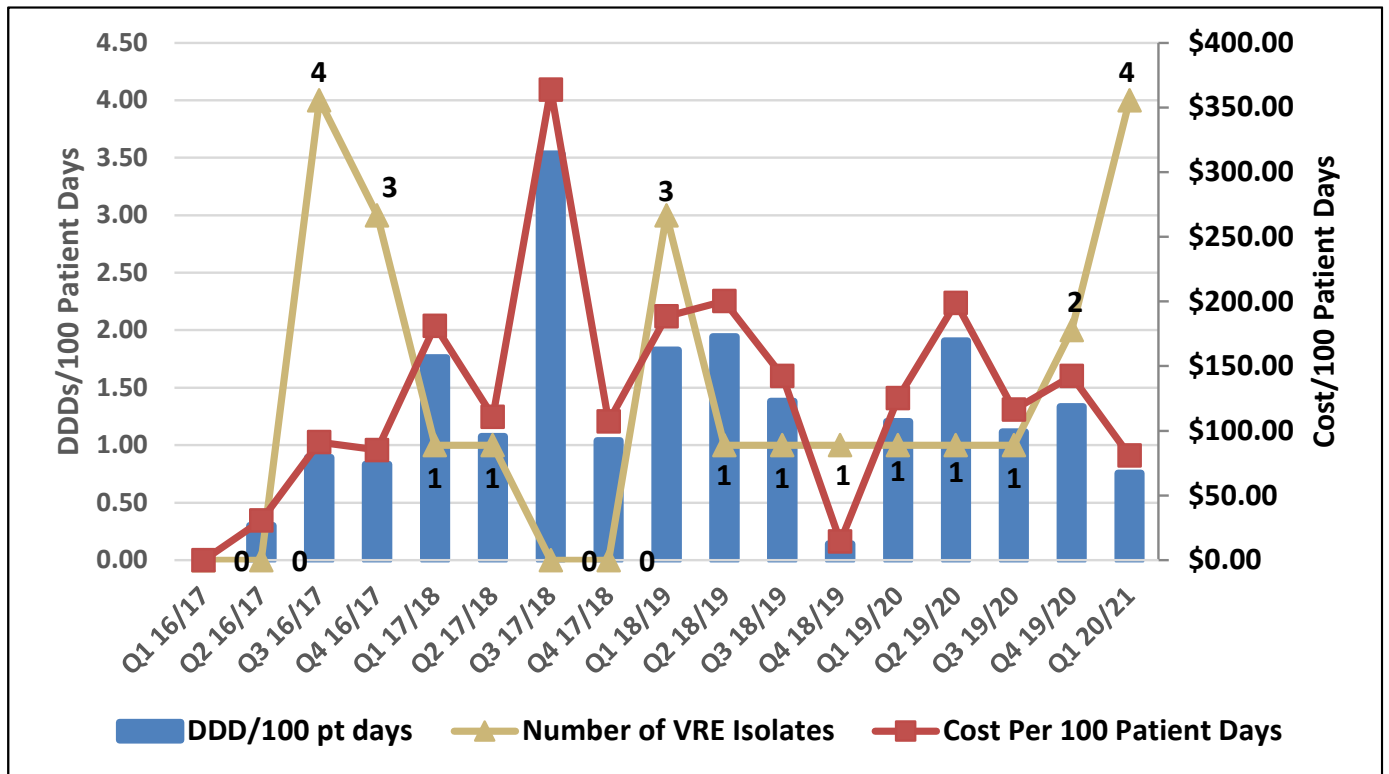
Indicators	FY 12/13 (Q2-4)	FY 13/14	FY 14/15	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	FY 20/21 Performance					YTD of Previous Year
									Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs														
Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days	87	83	83	63	94	117	120	130	91				91	133
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	77	70	73	55	78	99	104	112	79				79	115
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	11	13	10	8	16	17	16	17	13				13	18
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$279,644	\$471,342	\$352,036	\$313,464	\$494,787	\$640,238	\$576,907	\$508,715	\$61,463				\$61,463	\$145,142
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$14.10	\$18.05	\$13.30	\$8.48	\$17.77	\$22.84	\$21.44	\$18.84	\$11.84				\$11.84	\$21.69
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$171,817	\$225,491	\$221,389	\$202,012	\$250,100	\$370,814	\$348,326	\$375,780	\$45,747				\$45,747	\$93,142
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$8.67	\$8.64	\$8.36	\$5.47	\$8.98	\$13.23	\$12.94	\$13.92	\$8.81				\$8.81	\$13.92
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$107,827	\$245,851	\$130,647	\$111,452	\$244,687	\$269,424	\$228,581	\$132,936	\$15,716				\$15,716	\$52,000
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$5.44	\$9.42	\$4.93	\$3.02	\$8.79	\$9.61	\$8.49	\$4.92	\$3.03				\$3.03	\$7.77
Patient Care Outcomes														
Hospital-Acquired C. difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 patient days)	15 (0.76)	16 (0.61)	15 (0.68)	14 (0.6)	5 (0.19)	15 (0.54)	7 (0.26)	10 (0.37)	1 (0.19)				1 (0.19)	3 (0.45)

Total Antimicrobial DDDs is the sum of systemic antibacterial DDDs + systemic antifungal DDDs; non-systemic antimicrobials and antivirals are excluded.

Data Sources: Antimicrobial DDD and Costs (Centricity). \*An error in DDD calculation for Pip-tazo was detected in Q3 2013; all historical data prior to this was rerun, resulting in minor changes to antibacterial DDDs.



**Table 20: Daptomycin Use – Toronto General Hospital: General Internal Medicine**



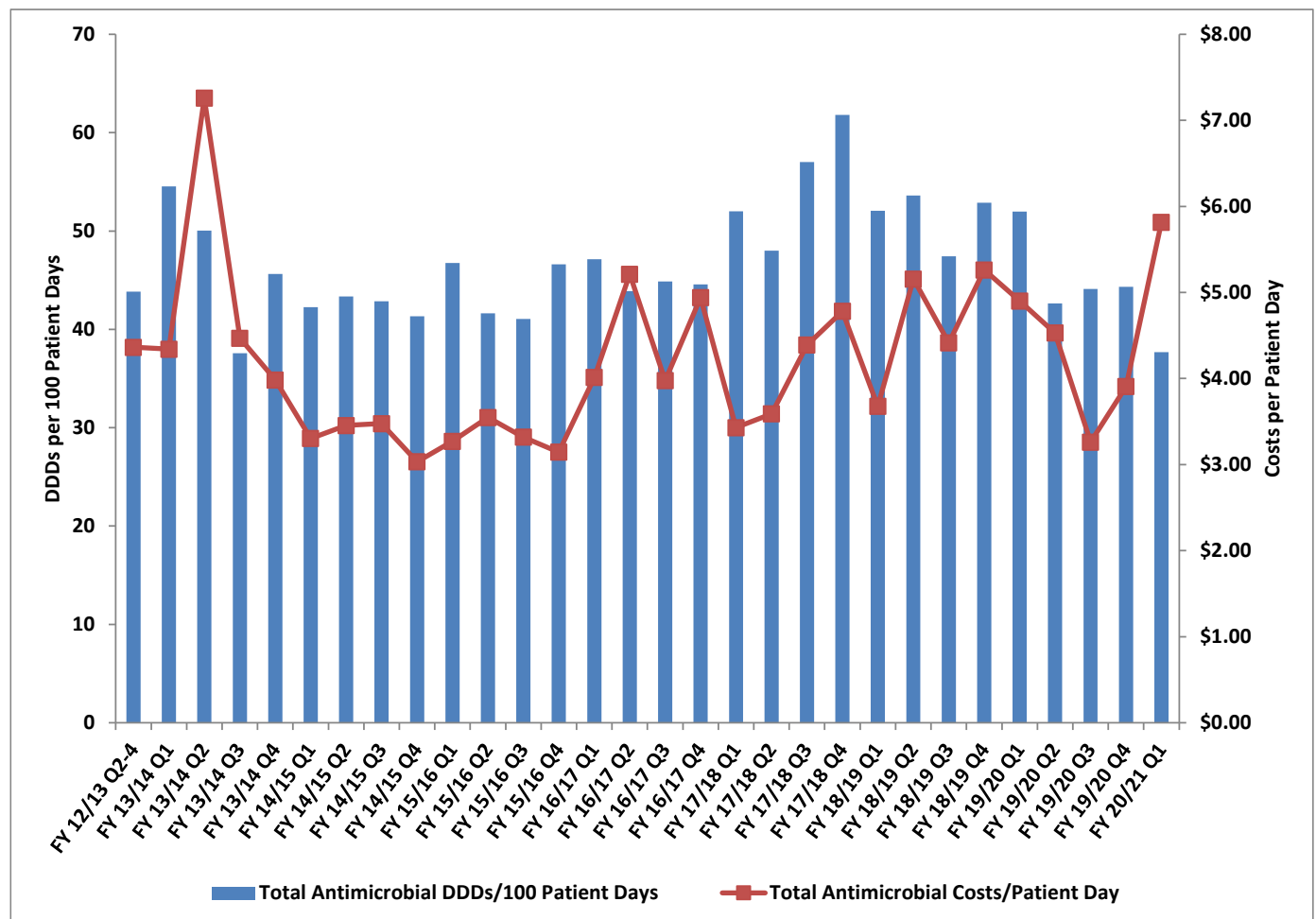
## Toronto Western Hospital: General Internal Medicine

The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Antimicrobial consumption (using defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days) decreased (↓) by 27.5% compared to YTD last year.
- Antimicrobial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 18.7% compared to YTD last year:
  - Antibacterial costs per patient day decreased (↓) by 20.4% compared to YTD last year.
  - Antifungal costs per patient day increased (↑) by 4693.5% compared to YTD last year.

NB: Usage data calculated for patients admitted to primary GIM units at TW.

### Toronto Western Hospital: General Internal Medicine Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs Per Patient Day



To view **Appendix 2: General Internal Medicine FY 20/21 Q1 Top 5 Antimicrobials by Usage (DDDs per 100 patient days) and Expenditures**, please click [here](#).

Table 21: Toronto Western Hospital: General Internal Medicine

Indicators	FY 12/13 (Q2-4)	FY 13/14	FY 14/15	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	Q1	FY 20/21 Performance				YTD of Previous Year
										Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs														
Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days	44	47	42	47	45	54	51	46	38				38	52
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	41	44	40	42	42	51	49	43	35				35	51
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	3	3	3	6	3	3	3	2	3				3	1
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$74,737	\$115,919	\$110,889	\$108,612	\$146,214	\$121,275	\$135,824	\$128,301	\$21,965				\$21,965	\$36,251
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$4.36	\$5.01	\$3.32	\$3.32	\$4.52	\$4.04	\$4.63	\$4.14	\$5.82				\$5.82	\$4.90
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$60,999	\$93,779	\$103,080	\$105,744	\$118,506	\$93,880	\$124,868	\$115,758	\$14,610				\$14,610	\$35,950
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$3.56	\$4.05	\$3.09	\$3.23	\$3.67	\$3.13	\$4.26	\$3.74	\$3.87				\$3.87	\$4.86
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$13,738	\$22,140	\$7,810	\$2,868	\$27,708	\$6,569	\$10,956	\$12,543	\$7,355				\$7,355	\$300
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$0.80	\$0.96	\$0.23	\$0.09	\$0.86	\$0.22	\$0.37	\$0.40	\$1.95				\$1.95	\$0.04
Patient Care Outcomes														
Hospital-Acquired C. difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 patient days)	7 (0.41)	14 (0.6)	11 (0.33)	7 (0.21)	10 (0.31)	14 (0.47)	11 (0.38)	9 (0.29)	1 (0.26)				1 (0.26)	3 (0.41)

Total Antimicrobial DDDs is the sum of systemic antibacterial DDDs + systemic antifungal DDDs; non-systemic antimicrobials and antivirals are excluded.

Data Sources: Antimicrobial DDD and Costs (Centricity). \*An error in DDD calculation for Pip-tazo was detected in Q3 2013; all historical data prior to this was rerun, resulting in minor changes to antibacterial DDDs.

## IMMUNOCOMPROMISED HOST

### Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Leukemia Service

The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Current year-to-date (YTD) antimicrobial consumption in defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days decreased (↓) by 11.1% compared to last year.
- YTD antimicrobial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 9.2% compared to last year:
  - YTD antibacterial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 12.4% compared to last year.
  - YTD antifungal costs per patient day increased (↑) by 7.6% compared to last year.
- Drs. So, Husain, and Morris and Yoshiko Nakamachi continue to work with PM's Senior Leadership Team to optimize the impact of antimicrobial stewardship interventions in malignant haematology.

### Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Leukemia Service Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs

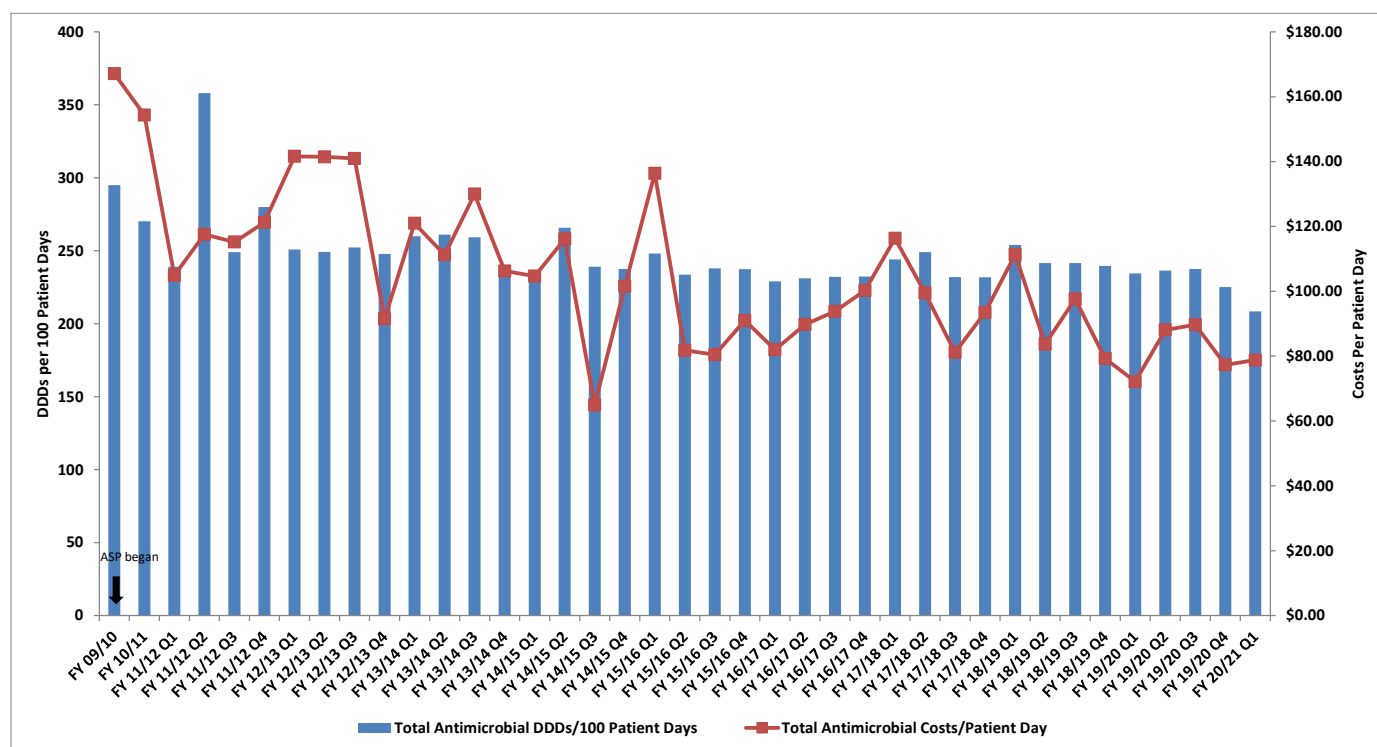


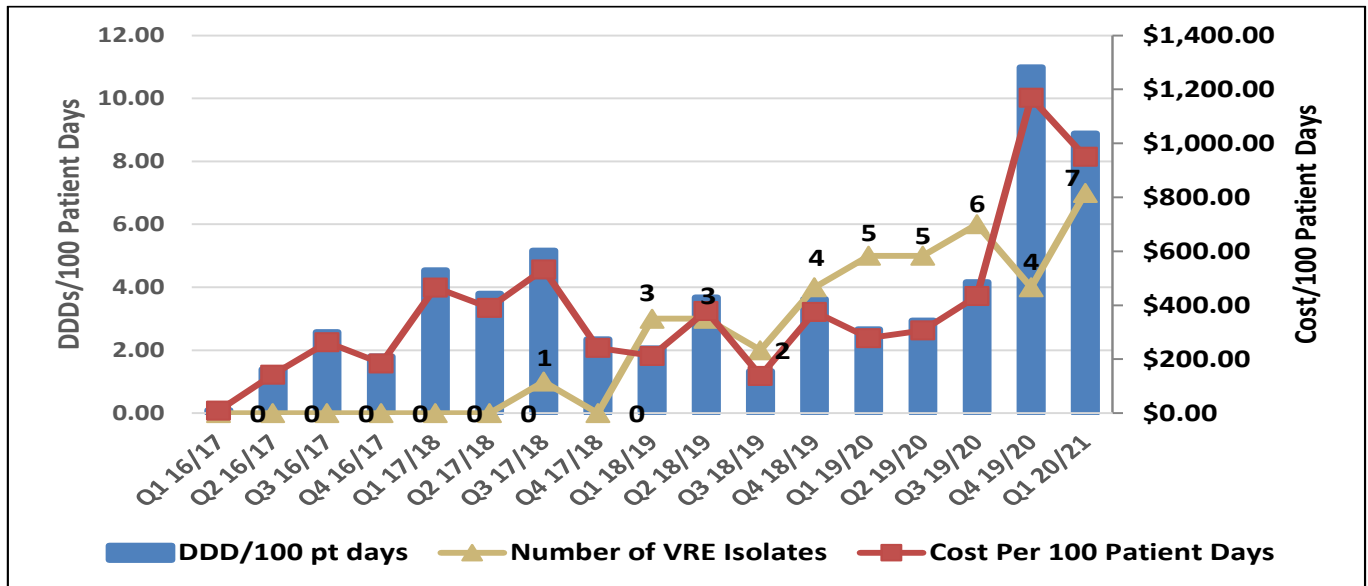
Table 22: Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Leukemia Service

Indicators	FY 09/10	FY 10/11	FY 11/12	FY 12/13	FY 13/14	FY 14/15	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	Q1	Q2	FY 20/21 Performance Q3	Q4	YTD	YTD of Previous Year
<b>Antimicrobial Usage and Costs</b>																	
<b>Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>208</b>				<b>208</b>	<b>234</b>
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	191	163	134	146	138	136	138	132	140	142	144	137				137	138
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	104	107	105	104	117	108	101	99	99	102	89	72				72	97
<b>Total Antimicrobial Costs</b>	<b>\$1,768,317</b>	<b>\$1,641,331</b>	<b>\$1,310,857</b>	<b>\$1,695,539</b>	<b>\$1,534,499</b>	<b>\$1,412,805</b>	<b>\$1,479,103</b>	<b>\$1,469,522</b>	<b>\$1,568,972</b>	<b>\$1,487,404</b>	<b>\$1,291,277</b>	<b>\$243,855</b>				<b>\$243,855</b>	<b>\$283,401</b>
<b>Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day</b>	<b>\$167.12</b>	<b>\$154.32</b>	<b>\$115.13</b>	<b>\$128.91</b>	<b>\$117.10</b>	<b>\$96.46</b>	<b>\$96.98</b>	<b>\$91.50</b>	<b>\$97.45</b>	<b>\$93.10</b>	<b>\$81.91</b>	<b>\$78.79</b>				<b>\$78.79</b>	<b>\$72.17</b>
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$659,034	\$609,747	\$663,175	\$422,438	\$485,263	\$471,597	\$403,399	\$376,733	\$433,025	\$405,965	\$419,026	\$82,069				\$82,069	\$92,634
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$62.28	\$57.33	\$58.24	\$45.85	\$37.03	\$32.20	\$26.45	\$23.46	\$26.89	\$25.41	\$26.58	\$26.52				\$26.52	\$23.59
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$1,109,283	\$1,031,584	\$647,637	\$1,092,448	\$1,049,236	\$941,208	\$1,075,705	\$1,092,789	\$1,135,947	\$1,081,438	\$872,251	\$161,786				\$161,786	\$190,767
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$104.84	\$96.99	\$56.88	\$83.06	\$80.07	\$64.26	\$70.53	\$68.04	\$70.55	\$67.69	\$55.33	\$52.27				\$52.27	\$48.58
<b>Patient Care Outcomes</b>																	
Hospital-Acquired C. difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 patient days)	6 (0.56)	7 (0.65)	14 (1.17)	5 (0.51)	11 (0.84)	13 (0.89)	14 (0.92)	13 (0.81)	14 (0.87)	4 (0.25)	7 (0.44)	2 (0.65)				2 (0.65)	2 (0.51)

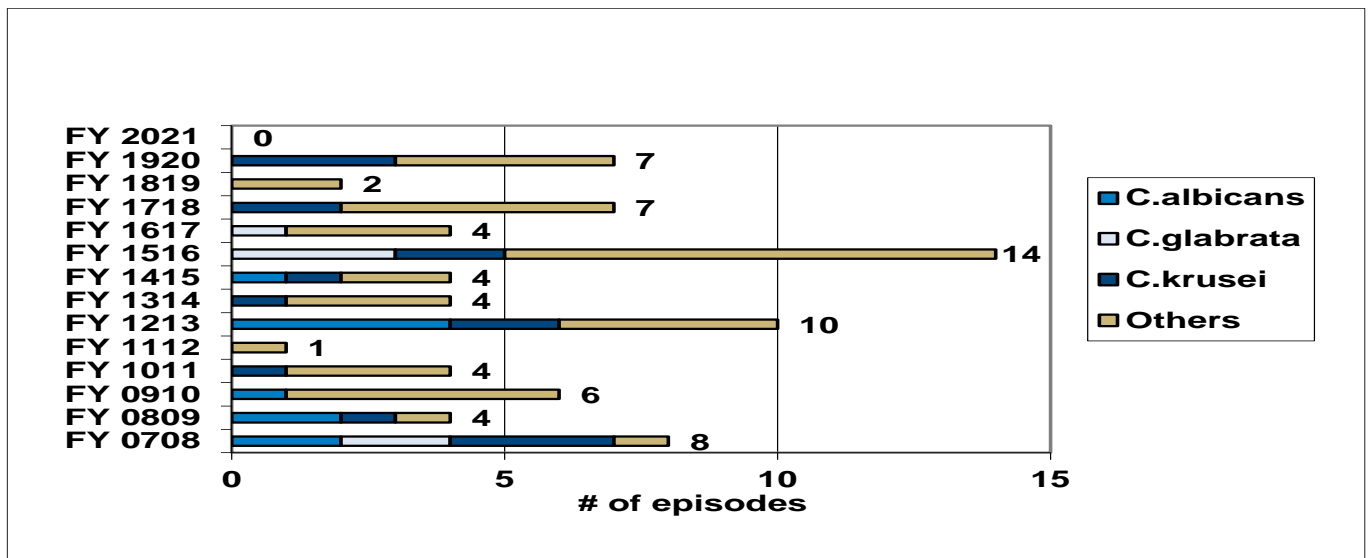
Total Antimicrobial DDDs is the sum of systemic antibacterial DDDs + systemic antifungal DDDs; non-systemic antimicrobials and antivirals are excluded.

Data Sources: Antimicrobial DDD and Costs (Centricity). \*An error in DDD calculation for Pip-tazo was detected in Q3 2013; all historical data prior to this was rerun, resulting in minor changes to antibacterial DDDs.

**Table 23: Daptomycin Use – Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Leukemia Service**

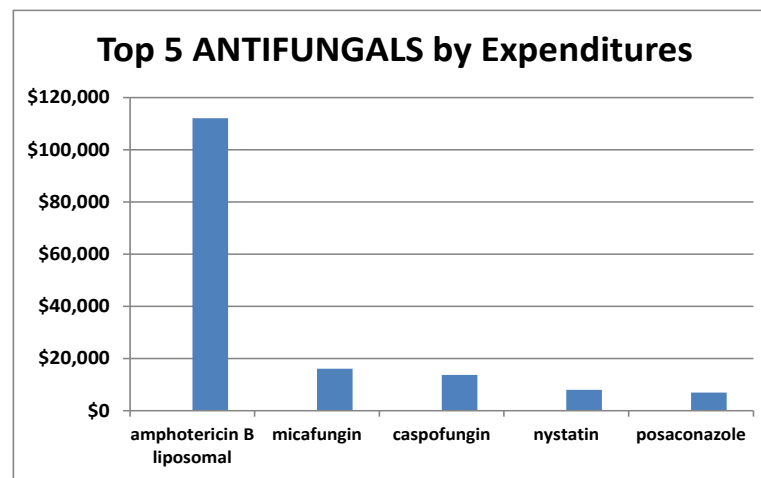
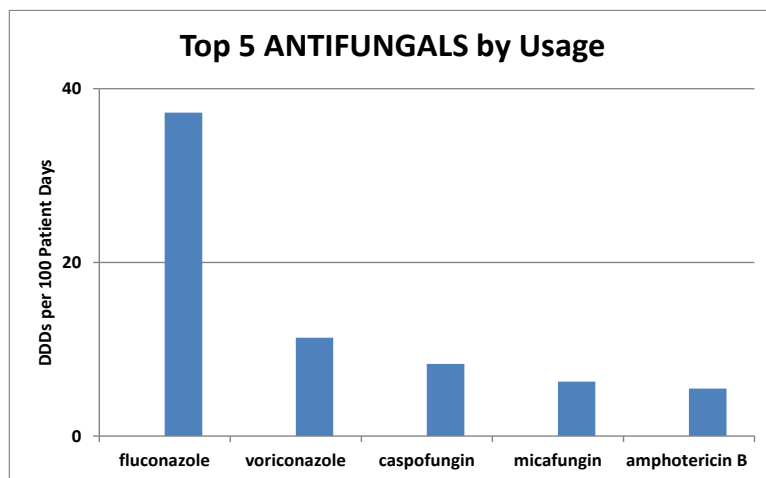
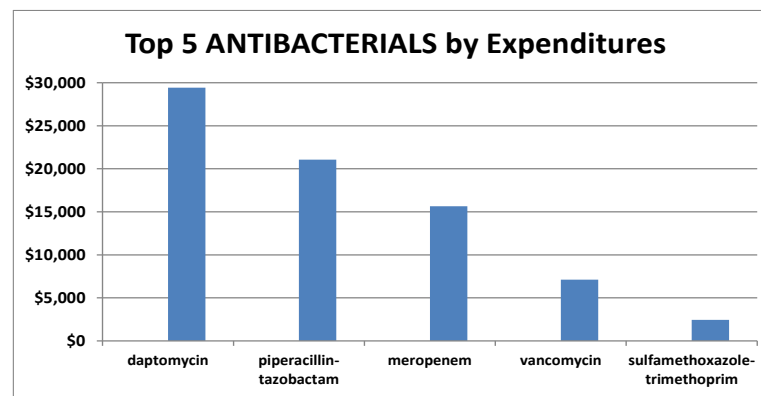
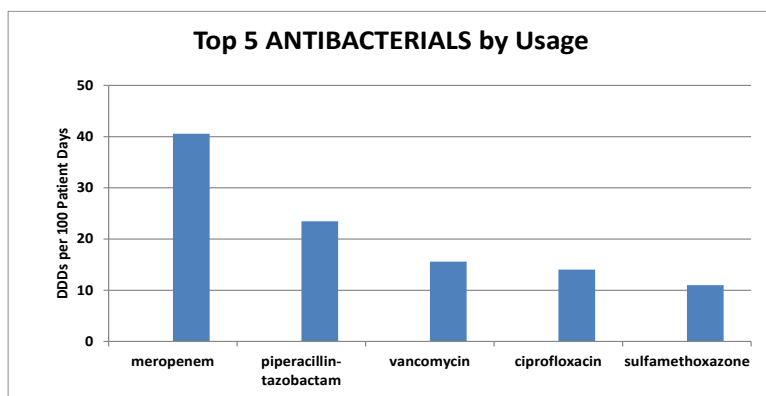


**Table 24: Yeast Species Isolated in Blood – Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Leukemia Service**



NB: In past Quarterly Reports, if a patient had more than one culture of different organisms, it was counted as 0.5 each. Starting with the Q3 2017/18 Quarterly Report and moving forward, it will be counted as 1.

**Table 25: Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Leukemia FY 20/21 Q1 Top 5 Antimicrobials by Usage and Expenditures**





## Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplant

The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Year-to-date (YTD) antimicrobial consumption in defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days decreased (↓) by 4.3% compared to last year.
- YTD antimicrobial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 21.8% compared to last year:
  - YTD antibacterial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 33.5% compared to last year.
  - YTD antifungal costs per patient day increased (↑) by 19.1% compared to last year.

## Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplant Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs

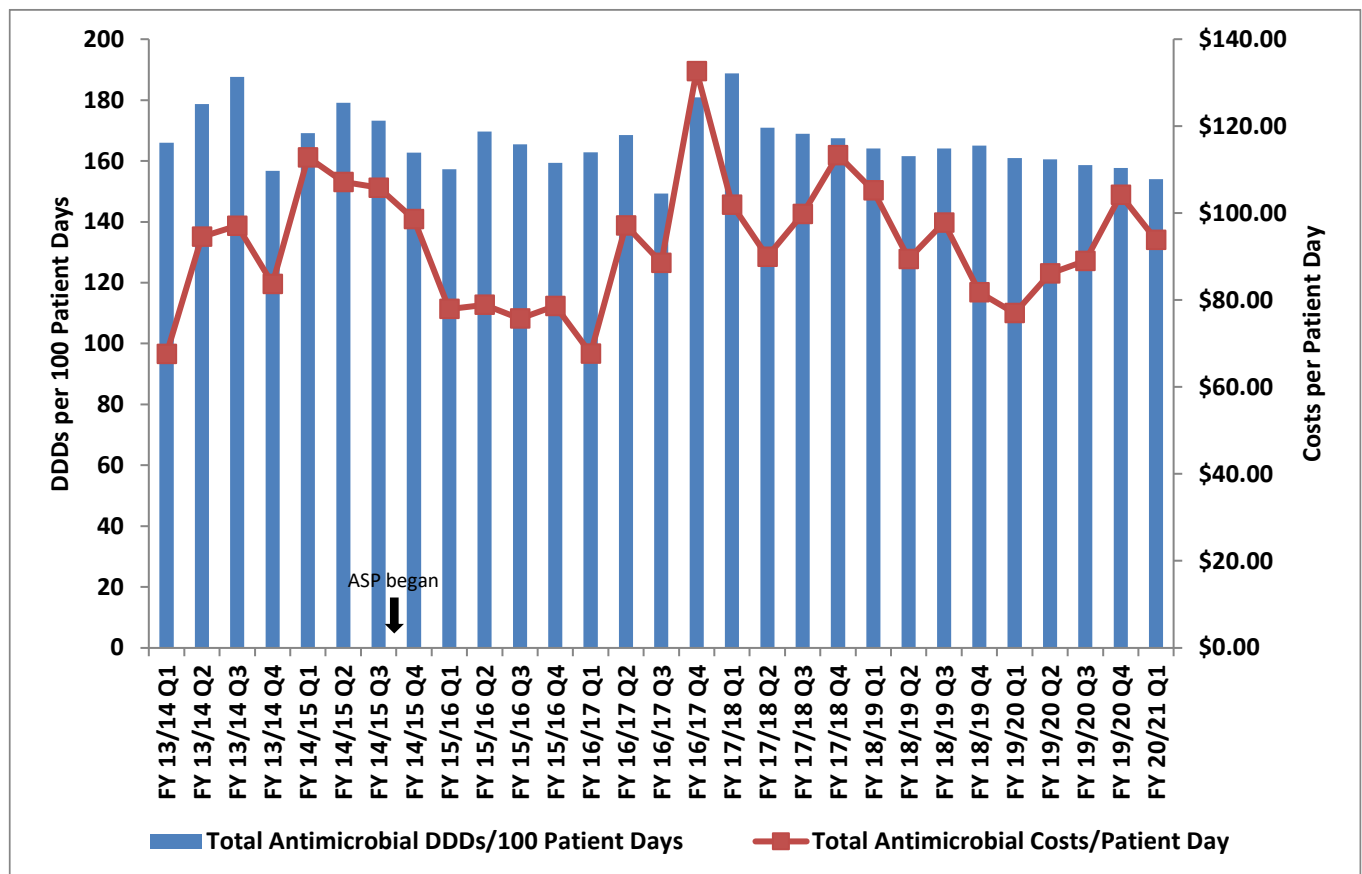


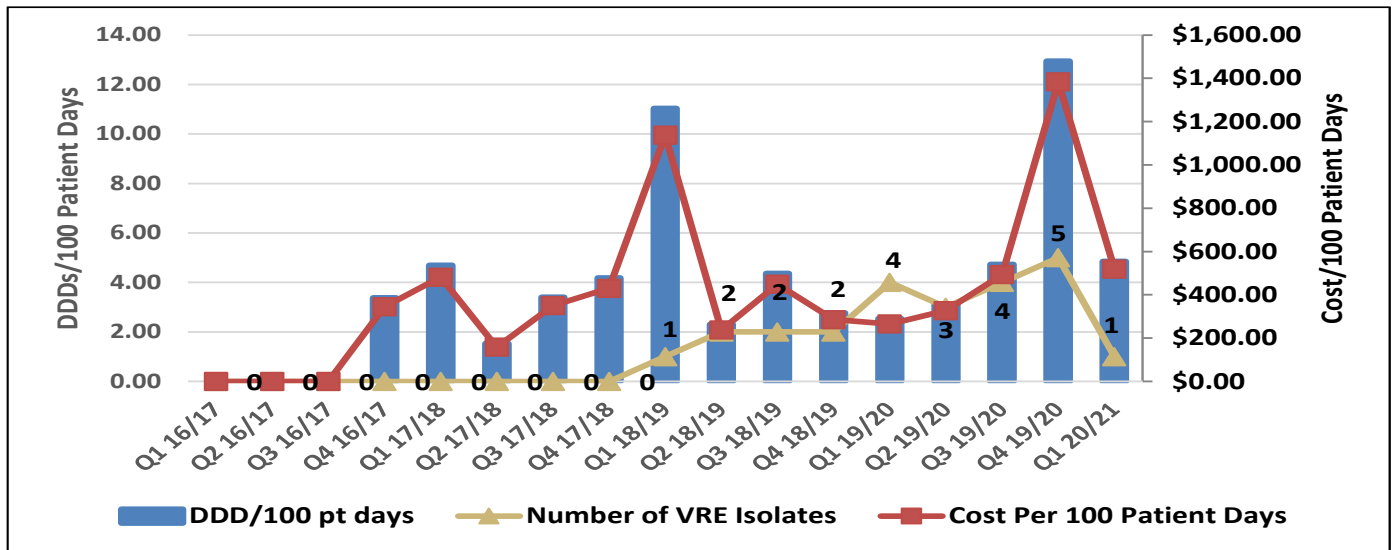
Table 26: Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplant

Indicators	FY 13/14	FY 14/15	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	FY 20/21 Performance					YTD of Previous Year
								Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs													
Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days	172	171	163	163	173	164	159	154				154	161
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	114	104	107	107	123	110	111	98				98	110
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	59	67	56	56	50	54	48	56				56	51
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$416,614	\$512,300	\$381,633	\$381,633	\$689,940	\$791,632	\$766,239	\$207,170				\$207,170	\$162,261
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$85.65	\$106.13	\$77.62	\$77.62	\$102.50	\$93.68	\$89.18	\$93.83				94	\$77.01
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$75,219	\$78,038	\$60,088	\$60,088	\$111,250	\$138,437	\$162,471	\$42,856				\$42,856	\$30,629
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$15.46	\$16.17	\$12.22	\$12.22	\$16.53	\$16.38	\$18.91	\$19.41				\$19.41	\$14.54
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$341,395	\$434,261	\$321,545	\$321,545	\$578,690	\$653,195	\$603,768	\$164,314				\$164,314	\$131,632
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$70.19	\$89.97	\$65.39	\$65.39	\$85.97	\$77.30	\$70.27	\$74.42				\$74.42	\$62.47
Patient Care Outcomes													
Hospital-Acquired C. difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 patient days)	4 (0.82)	12 (2.49)	7 (1.42)	7 (1.42)	13 (1.93)	11 (1.3)	20 (2.33)	7 (3.17)				7 (3.17)	2 (0.95)

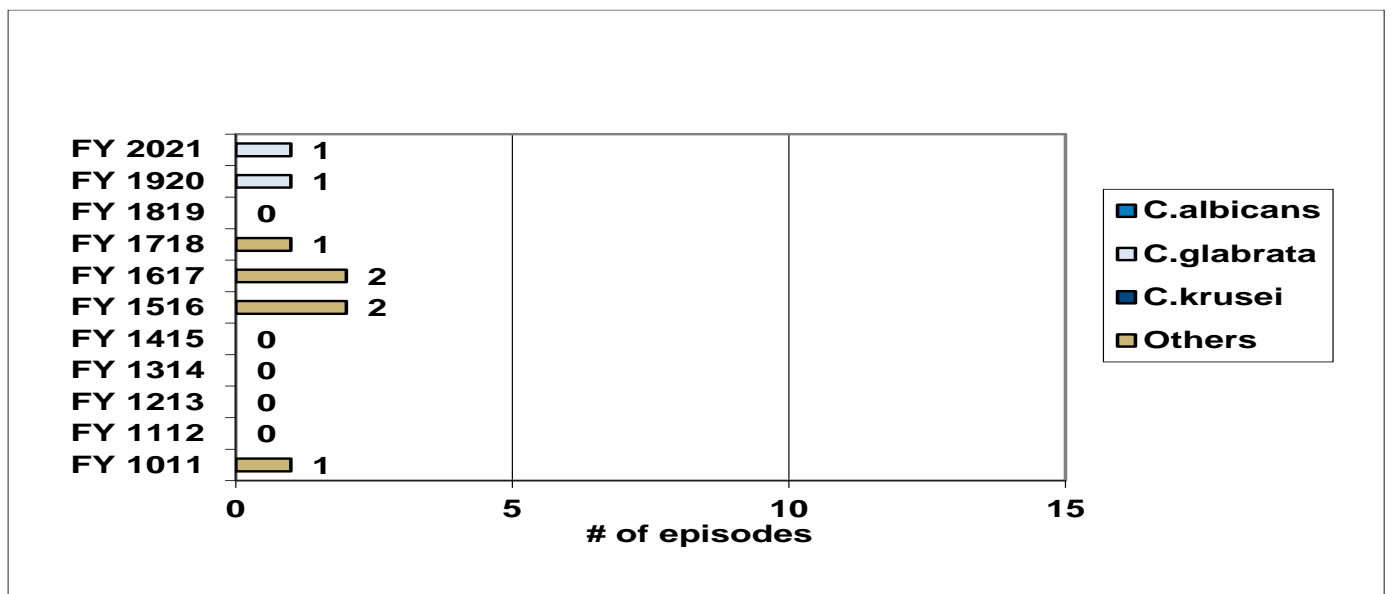
Total Antimicrobial DDDs is the sum of systemic antibacterial DDDs + systemic antifungal DDDs; non-systemic antimicrobials and antivirals are excluded.

Data Sources: Antimicrobial DDD and Costs (Centricity). \*An error in DDD calculation for Pip-tazo was detected in Q3 2013; all historical data prior to this was rerun, resulting in minor changes to antibacterial DDDs.

**Table 27: Daptomycin Use – Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplant**

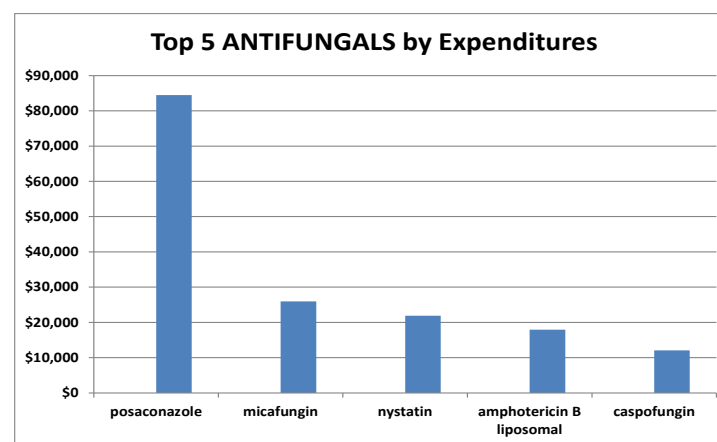
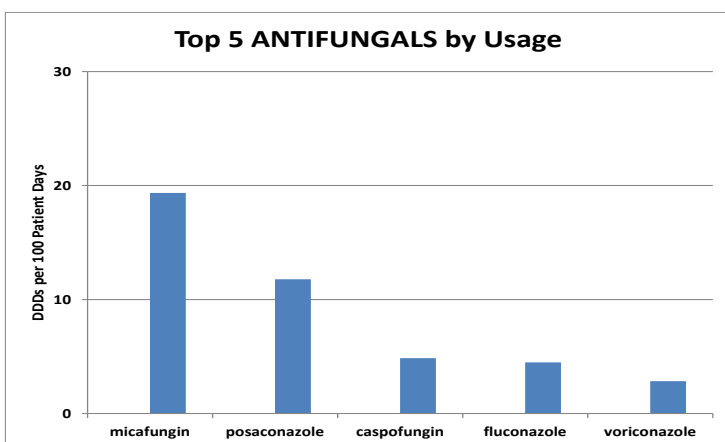
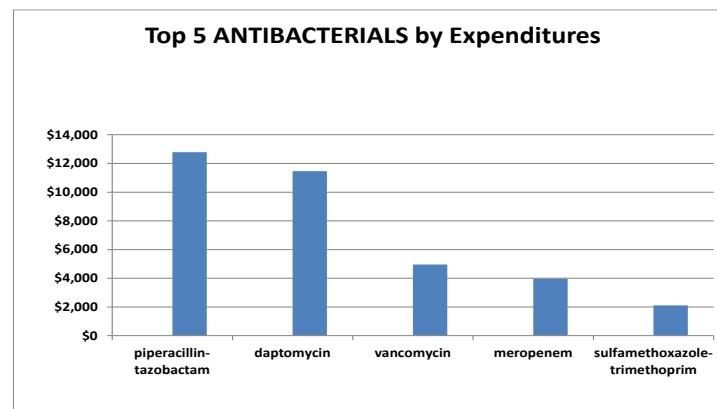
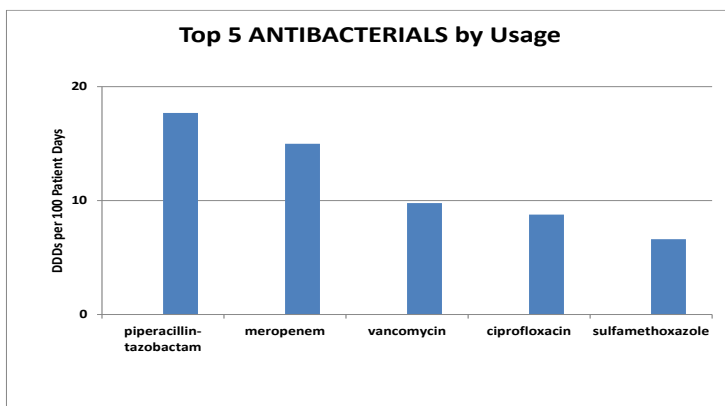


**Table 28: Yeast Species Isolated in Blood – Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplant**



NB: In past Quarterly Reports, if a patient had more than one culture of different organisms, it was counted as 0.5 each. Starting with the Q3 2017/18 Quarterly Report and moving forward, it will be counted as 1.

**Table 29: Princess Margaret Cancer Centre: Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplant 20/21 Q1 Top 5 Antimicrobials by Usage (DDDs per 100 patient days) and Expenditures**

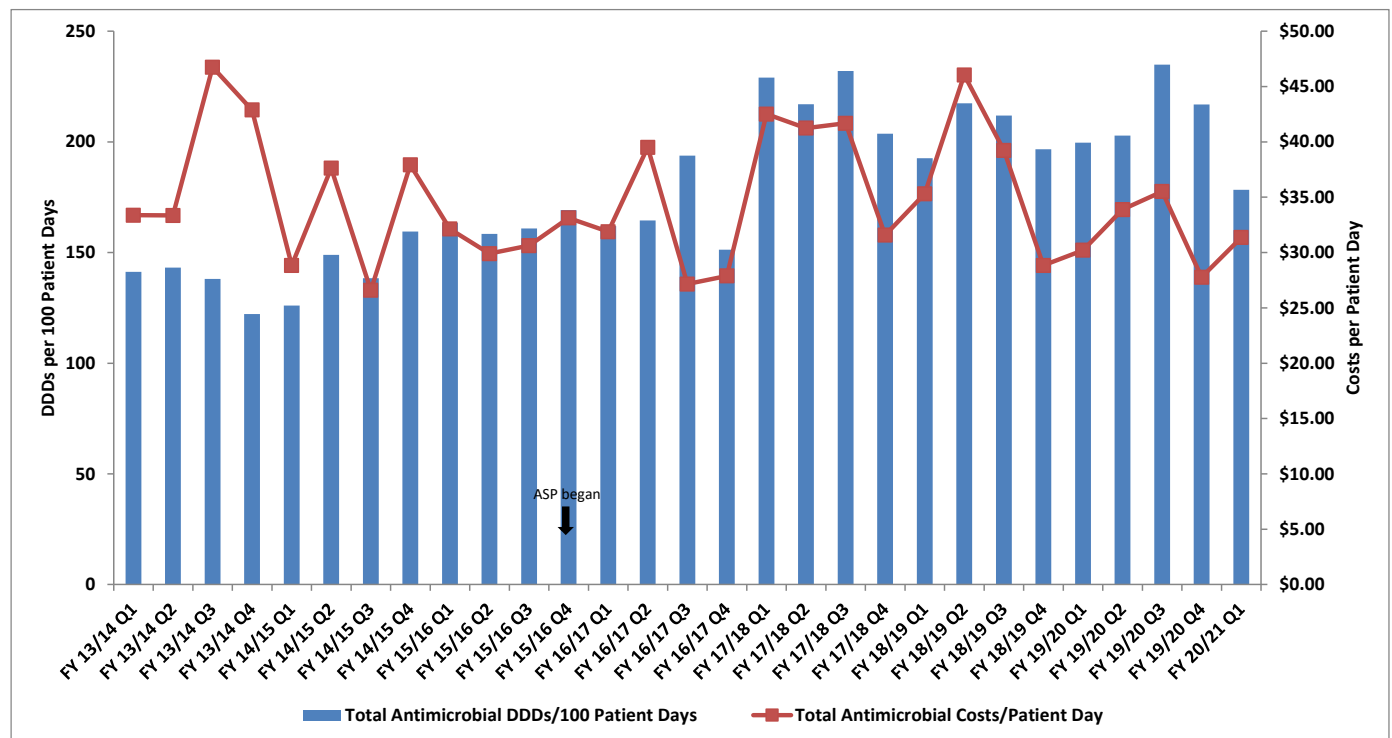


## Toronto General Hospital: Multi-Organ Transplant Program (MOTP)

The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Year-to-date (YTD) antimicrobial consumption in defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days decreased (↓) by 10.7% compared to last year.
- YTD antimicrobial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 3.8% compared to last year:
  - YTD antibacterial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 27.2% compared to last year.
  - YTD antifungal costs per patient day decreased (↓) by 39.6% compared to last year.

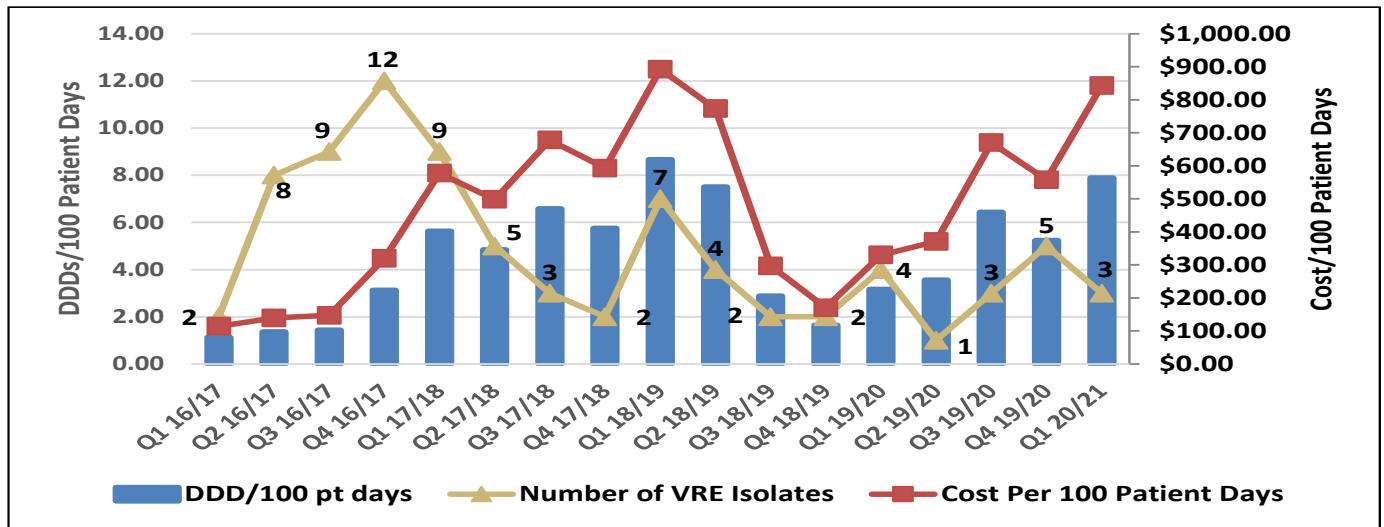
## Toronto General Hospital: Multi-Organ Transplant Program (MOTP) Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs



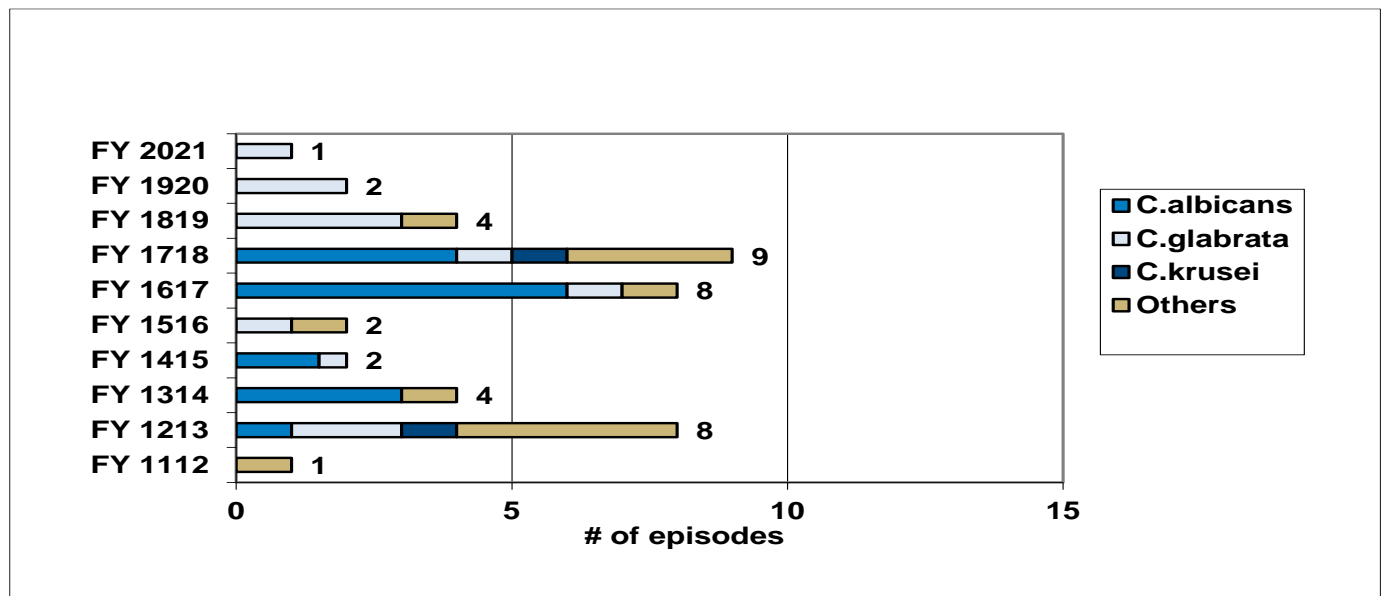
**Table 30: Toronto General Hospital: Multi-Organ Transplant Program (MOTP)**

Indicators										FY 20/21 Performance				YTD of Previous Year
	FY 13/14	FY 14/15	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD		
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs														
Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days	136	143	211	156	220	205	213	178				178	200	
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	93	98	112	108	155	143	142	121				121	138	
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	43	45	99	48	65	62	71	58				58	62	
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$837,263	\$725,411	\$709,892	\$904,028	\$859,544	\$765,566	\$651,061	\$122,217				\$122,217	\$158,837	
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$39.16	\$32.69	\$31.47	\$31.57	\$40.78	\$37.52	\$31.89	\$31.36				\$31.36	\$30.21	
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$327,831	\$379,748	\$342,941	\$452,266	\$519,656	\$470,402	\$445,722	\$97,334				\$97,334	\$103,236	
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$15.33	\$17.11	\$15.20	\$15.79	\$24.66	\$23.05	\$21.83	\$24.98				\$24.98	\$19.63	
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$509,433	\$345,664	\$366,951	\$451,762	\$339,887	\$295,164	\$205,339	\$24,883				\$24,883	\$55,600	
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$23.82	\$15.58	\$16.26	\$15.78	\$16.13	\$14.47	\$10.06	\$6.39				\$6.39	\$10.57	
Patient Care Outcomes														
Hospital-Acquired C. Difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 patient days)	14 (0.65)	18 (0.81)	11 (0.49)	17 (0.59)	11 (0.52)	16 (0.78)	18 (0.88)	3 (0.77)				3 (0.77)	2 (0.38)	

**Table 31: Daptomycin Use – Toronto General Hospital: Multi-Organ Transplant Program (MOTP)**



**Table 32: Yeast Species Isolated in Blood – Toronto General Hospital: Multi-Organ Transplant Program (MOTP)**



NB: In past Quarterly Reports, if a patient had more than one culture of different organisms, it was counted as 0.5 each. Starting with the Q3 2017/18 Quarterly Report and moving forward, it will be counted as 1.



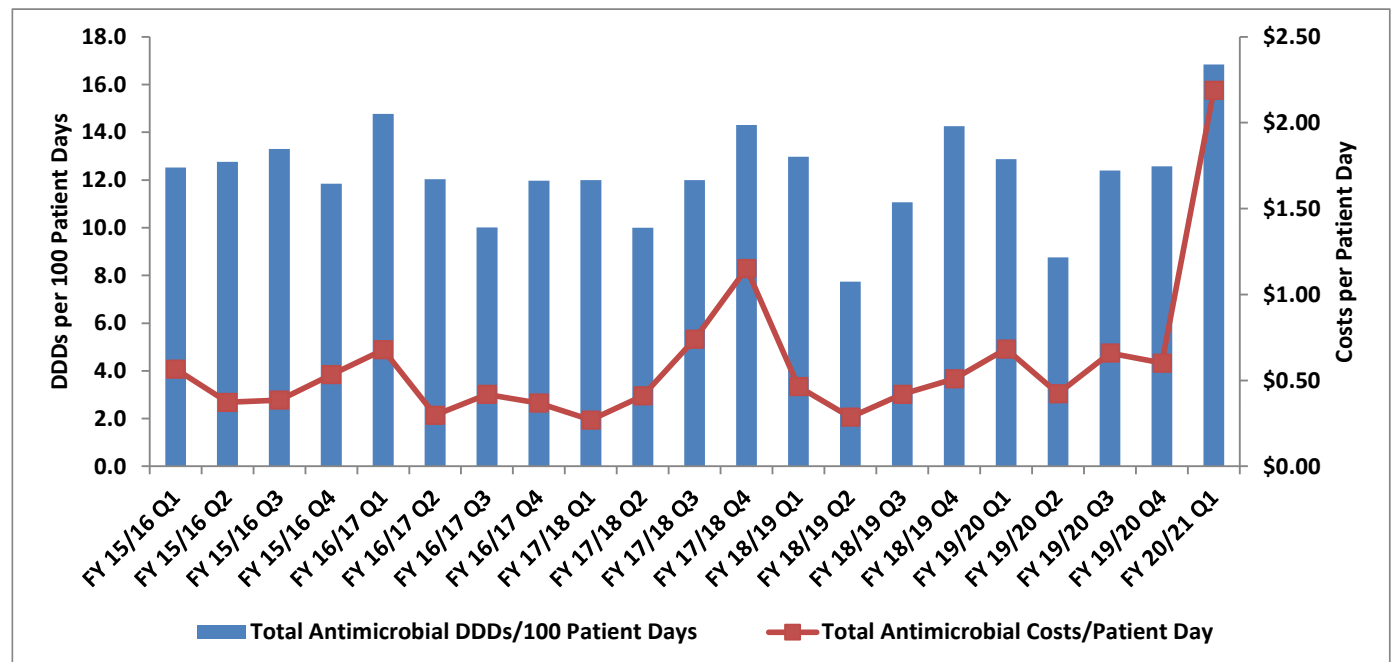
## TORONTO REHABILITATION INSTITUTE

### Toronto Rehabilitation Institute: Bickle

The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Antimicrobial consumption (using defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days) increased (↑) by 30.8% compared to YTD last year.
- Antimicrobial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 220.7% compared to YTD last year:
  - Antibacterial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 4.7% compared to YTD last year.
  - Antifungal costs per patient day increased (↑) by 22286.8% compared to YTD last year.

### Toronto Rehabilitation Institute: Bickle Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs Per Patient Day



**Table 33: Toronto Rehabilitation Institute: Bickle**

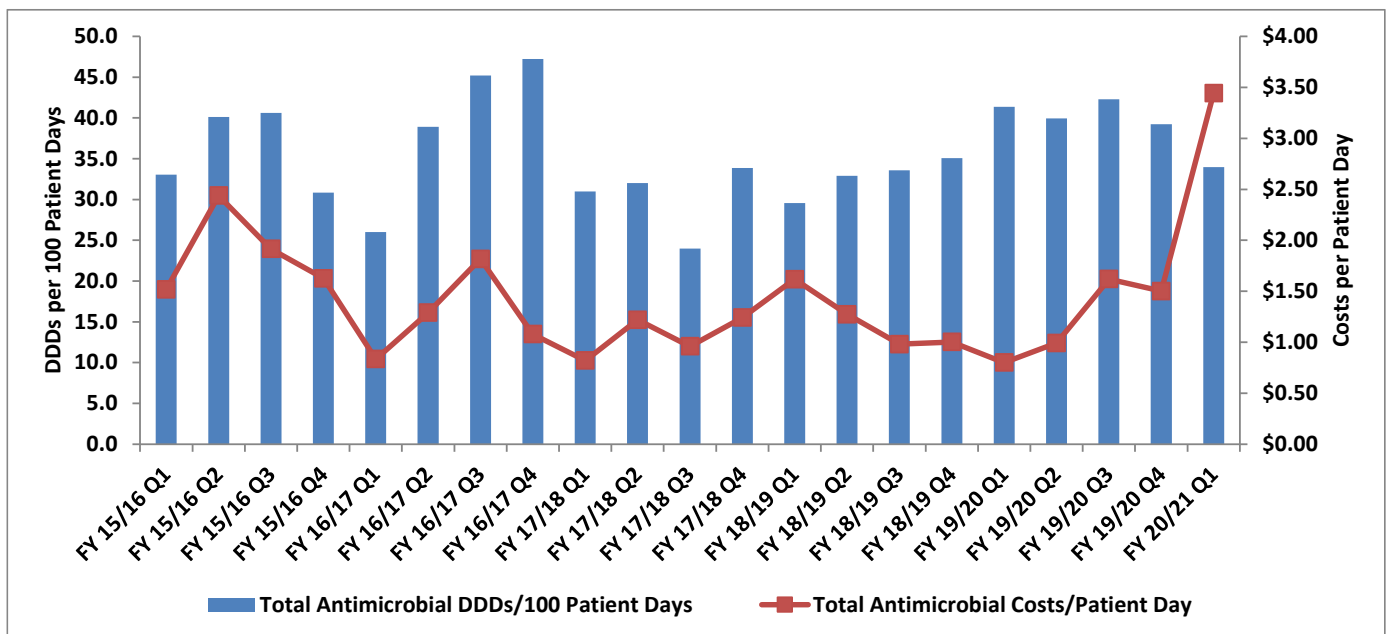
Indicators	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	FY20/21 Performance					YTD of Previous Year
						Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs											
Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days	13	12	12	11	12	17				17	13
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	11	11	11	11	11	15				15	12
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	2	2	1	1	1	2				2	1
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$31,326	\$28,952	\$38,119	\$26,945	\$37,344	\$36,593				\$36,593	\$11,199
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$0.46	\$0.44	\$0.63	\$0.43	\$0.59	\$2.19				\$2.19	\$0.68
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$29,933	\$23,571	\$26,056	\$26,265	\$36,289	\$11,829				\$11,829	\$11,091
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$0.44	\$0.36	\$0.43	\$0.42	\$0.58	\$0.71				\$0.71	\$0.68
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$1,393	\$5,381	\$12,063	\$679	\$1,055	\$24,764				\$24,764	\$109
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$0.02	\$0.08	\$0.20	\$0.01	\$0.02	\$1.48				\$1.48	\$0.01
Patient Care Outcomes											
Hospital-Acquired C. Difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 patient days)	7 (0.10)	7 (0.11)	4 (0.07)	1 (0.02)	1 (0.02)	1 (0.06)				1 (0.06)	0 (0)

## Toronto Rehabilitation Institute: Lyndhurst

The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Antimicrobial consumption (using defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days) decreased (↓) by 17.9% compared to YTD last year.
- Antimicrobial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 329.9% compared to YTD last year:
  - Antibacterial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 332.6% compared to YTD last year.
  - Antifungal costs per patient day decreased (↓) by 83.6% compared to YTD last year.

### Toronto Rehabilitation Institute: Lyndhurst Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs Per Patient Day



**Table 34: Toronto Rehabilitation Institute: Lyndhurst**

Indicators	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	FY20/21 Performance					YTD of Previous Year
						Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs											
Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days	36	39	30	33	41	34				34	41
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	34	38	30	32	40	34				34	41
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	2	1	1	0	1	0				0	1
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$35,817	\$23,520	\$19,991	\$23,262	\$23,828	\$16,461				\$16,461	\$3,866
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$1.88	\$1.26	\$1.06	\$1.22	\$1.23	\$3.44				\$3.44	\$0.80
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$35,473	\$23,404	\$18,691	\$21,813	\$22,712	\$16,457				\$16,457	\$3,841
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$1.86	\$1.26	\$0.99	\$1.14	\$1.17	\$3.44				\$3.44	\$0.80
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$344	\$116	\$1,300	\$1,450	\$1,116	\$4				\$4	\$24
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$0.02	\$0.01	\$0.07	\$0.08	\$0.06	\$0.00				\$0.00	\$0.01
Patient Care Outcomes											
Hospital-Acquired C. Difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 patient days)	3 (0.16)	1 (0.05)	1 (0.05)	1 (0.05)	2 (0.1)	1 (0.21)				1 (0.21)	0 (0)

## Toronto Rehabilitation Institute: University Centre

The FY 20/21 Q1 summary includes:

- Antimicrobial consumption (using defined daily doses (DDDs) per 100 patient days) decreased (↓) by 7.7% compared to YTD last year.
- Antimicrobial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 118.7% compared to YTD last year:
  - Antibacterial costs per patient day increased (↑) by 108.0% compared to YTD last year.
  - Antifungal costs per patient day increased (↑) by 125.2% compared to YTD last year.

### Toronto Rehabilitation Institute: University Centre Antimicrobial Consumption and Costs Per Patient Day

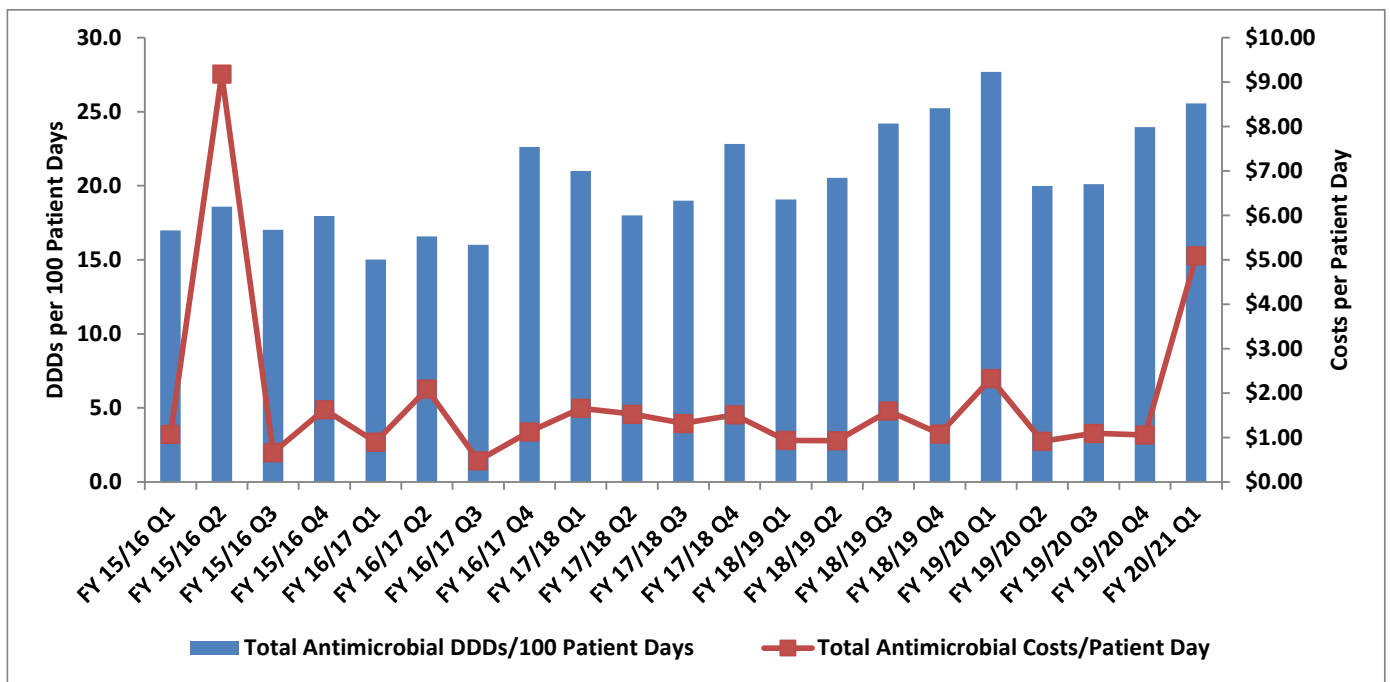


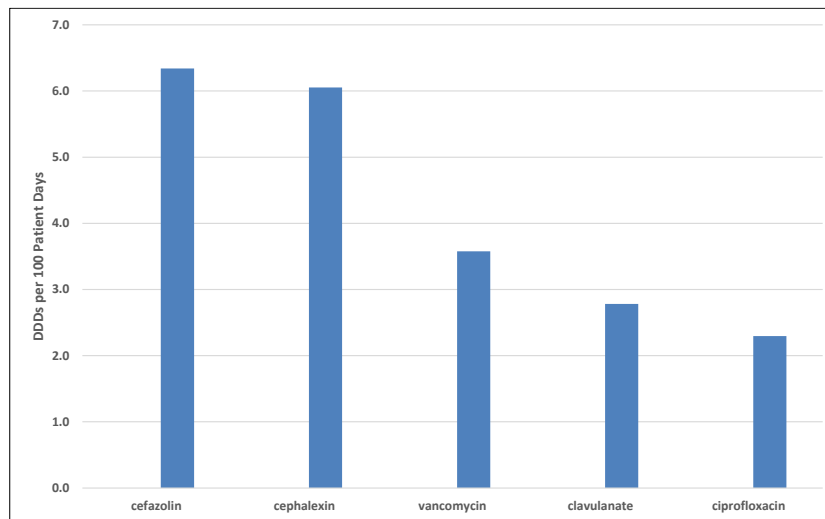
Table 35: Toronto Rehabilitation Institute: University Centre

Indicators	FY 15/16	FY 16/17	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	FY20/21 Performance					YTD of Previous Year
						Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	
Antimicrobial Usage and Costs											
Total Antimicrobial DDDs/100 Patient Days	18	18	18	22	23	26				26	28
Systemic Antibacterial DDDs/100 Patient Days	16	15	15	19	19	22				22	23
Systemic Antifungal DDDs/100 Patient Days	1	3	3	4	4	3				3	4
Total Antimicrobial Costs	\$154,345	\$58,364	\$58,364	\$59,142	\$70,519	\$56,696				\$56,696	\$30,759
Total Antimicrobial Costs/Patient Day	\$3.09	\$1.14	\$1.14	\$1.14	\$1.36	\$5.09				\$5.09	\$2.33
Systemic Antibacterial Costs	\$52,505	\$30,908	\$30,908	\$43,669	\$36,357	\$20,488				\$20,488	\$11,684
Systemic Antibacterial Costs/Patient Day	\$1.05	\$0.60	\$0.60	\$0.84	\$0.70	\$1.84				\$1.84	\$0.88
Systemic Antifungal Costs	\$1,840	\$27,456	\$27,456	\$15,473	\$34,162	\$36,208				\$36,208	\$19,075
Systemic Antifungal Costs/Patient Day	\$0.04	\$0.54	\$0.54	\$0.30	\$0.66	\$3.25				\$3.25	\$1.44
Patient Care Outcomes											
Hospital-Acquired C. Difficile Cases (rate per 1,000 patient days)	2 (0.04)	2 (0.04)	2 (0.04)	4 (0.08)	2 (0.04)	4 (0.36)				4 (0.36)	1 (0.08)

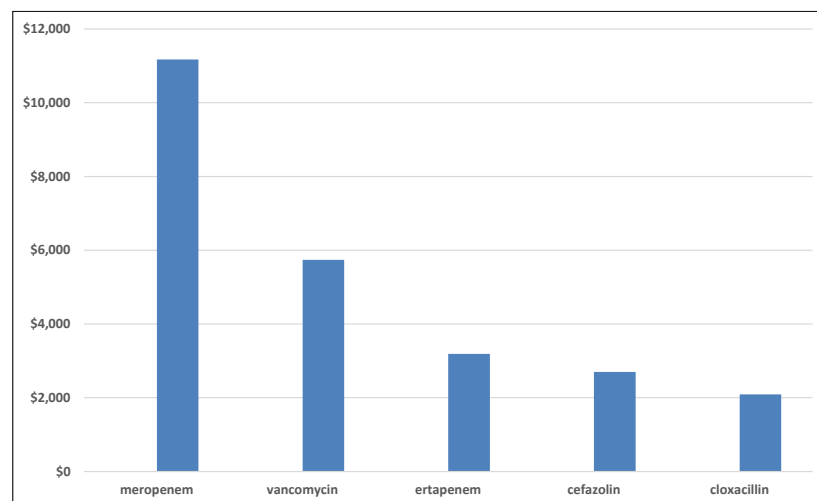
## BRIDGEPOINT HEALTH

### Bridgepoint Health: Hospital-Wide

#### Bridgepoint Health: Hospital-Wide Top 5 ANTIBACTERIALS by Usage 2020/21 YTD



#### Bridgepoint Health: Hospital-Wide Top 5 ANTIBACTERIALS by Expenditures 2020/21 YTD





## BEST PRACTICE GUIDELINES AND ALGORITHMS

- Drs. Husain and So have implemented the ASP MOT Common Infections Management Guidelines for Solid Organ Transplant Patients. The guidelines have undergone consultative reviews by content experts in MOT and Transplant Infectious Diseases and have been introduced to all the transplant teams.
- The ASP-Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplant Working Group was formed to update the antimicrobial prophylaxis guideline for allogeneic bone marrow transplant recipients. It is currently being formatted for incorporation into the existing High-Risk Febrile Neutropenia Protocol. Drs. Husain and So would like to thank the members of the Working Group for their contributions.
- Clinical summaries continue to be available on the [ASP website](#) and on [mobile device web browsers](#) for a series of common and important conditions. We continuously review and update all our clinical summaries – ensuring that they reflect best practices based on the current clinical literature.
- Whiteboard animation videos continue to be available on [our program's YouTube channel](#).

## EDUCATION

- As part of our General Internal Medicine (GIM) initiative, the ASP team has been providing ongoing education and support to GIM Pharmacists at both MSH and UHN. The ASP team provides education and tools to physicians and medical trainees through several means, including ASP/ID GIM case-based noon rounds and via a mobile ASP web application (<http://www.antimicrobialstewardship.com/treatment>) to provide efficient access to resources.
- Once a month the ASP team meets with all Nurse Practitioners from the Malignant Hematology program for case rounds.
- The Leslie Dan Faculty of Pharmacy at the University of Toronto is the first institution to offer an elective in Antimicrobial Stewardship in the Entry-to-Practice Doctor of Pharmacy Curriculum. Drs. Linda Dresser and Mark McIntyre are the course coordinators, with contributions from other ASP team members.
- The SH-UHN ASP continues to provide ASP rotations for residents and fellows from across the country and internationally.
- The Michener Critical Care RN Infection Module has been offered four times now, once a quarter.

## MEMBERSHIPS

### Public Health Agency of Canada

Dr. Andrew Morris is an invited member of EAGAR (Expert Advisory Group on Antimicrobial Resistance), chaired by the Federal Chief Medical Officer of Health, Dr. Theresa Tam. Dr. Morris Co-chairs an initiative through the Public Health Agency of Canada to develop a National AMR Network.

### Association of Medical Microbiology and Infectious Diseases Canada

Dr. Andrew Morris is a physician member of AMMI Canada's Antimicrobial Stewardship and Resistance Committee. Dr. Linda Dresser is a pharmacist member of this committee.

### Society for Hospital Epidemiology of America (SHEA)

Dr. Andrew Morris is Past-Chair of SHEA's Antimicrobial Stewardship and Resistance Committee.

### Federal/Provincial/Territorial Pan-Canadian Antimicrobial Stewardship Task Group

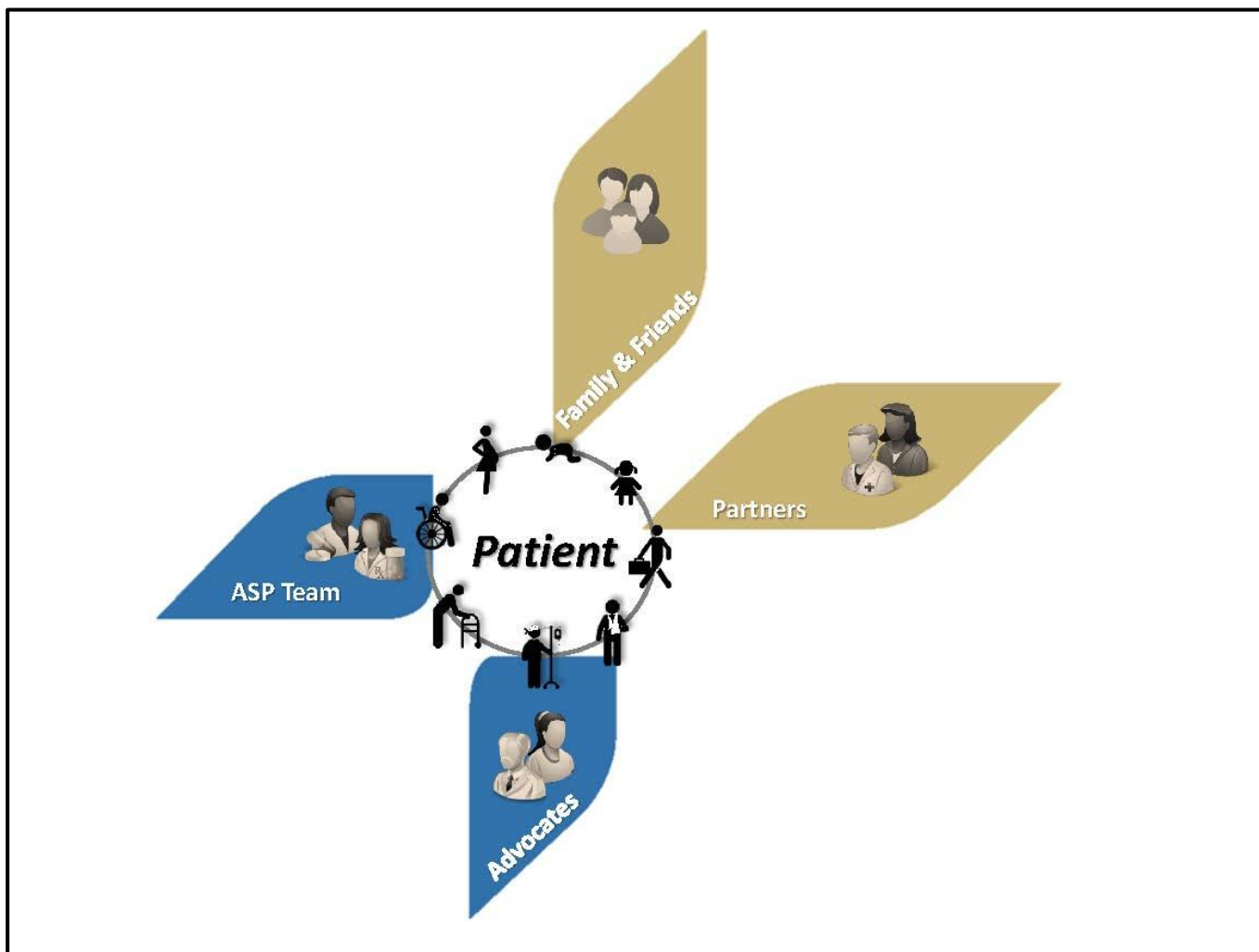
Yoshiko Nakamachi is a member of the Federal/Provincial/Territorial Pan-Canadian Antimicrobial Stewardship Task Group for the development of the Pan-Canadian AMR Framework and AMR Action Plan.

### Ontario College of Pharmacists

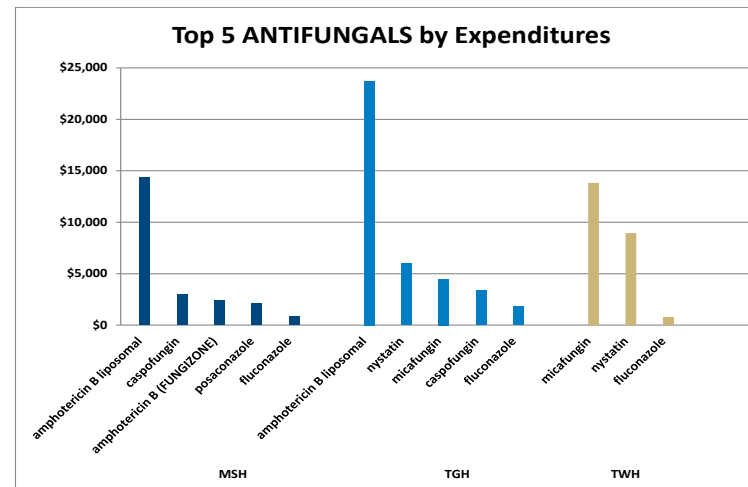
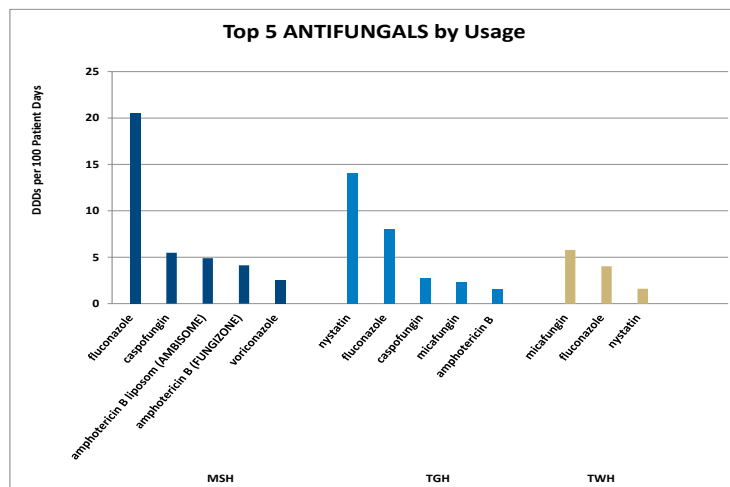
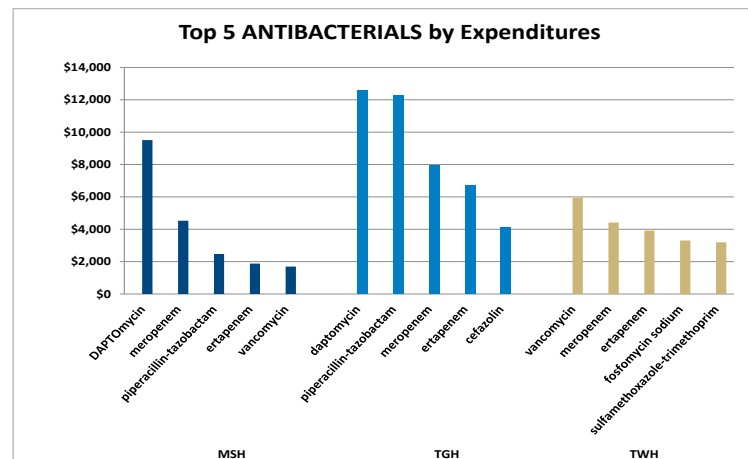
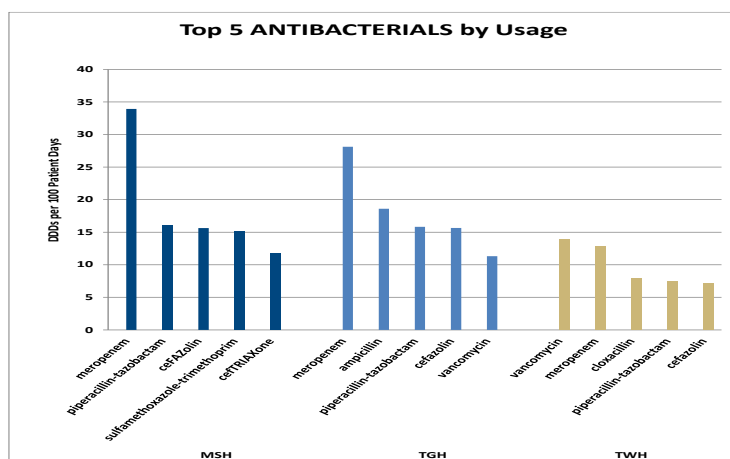
Yoshiko Nakamachi and Drs. Andrew Morris and Mark McIntyre are members of the Minor Ailments Advisory Group, which will provide recommendations that will inform the regulatory submission on expanded scope of practice for Ontario pharmacists.

## STRATEGIC PLANNING

The ASP team developed the SH-UHN ASP Strategic Plan 2016-2019. Please contact Yoshiko Nakamachi ([Yoshiko.Nakamachi@uhn.ca](mailto:Yoshiko.Nakamachi@uhn.ca)) if you would like a copy.



## Appendix 1: FY 20/21 Q1 Top 5 Antimicrobials by Usage (DDDs per 100 Patient Days) and Expenditures by ICU Site



## Appendix 2: General Internal Medicine FY 20/21 Q1 Top 5 Antimicrobials by Usage (DDDs per 100 patient days) and Expenditures

